

# **Chip-based FAIMS – Triple Quadrupole MS: *Instrumental Studies and Analytical Capabilities***

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***<sup>2</sup>Agilent Technologies***

# Topics

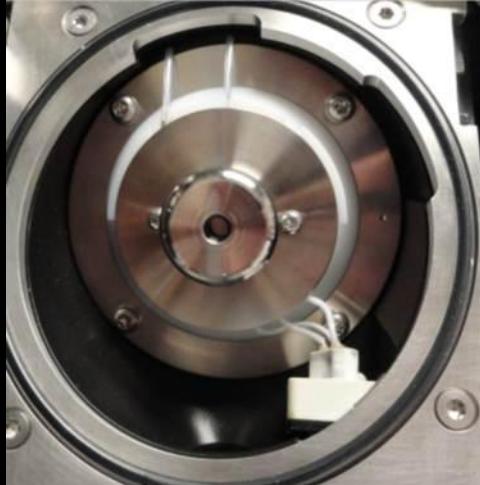
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- Instrumentation: Chip FAIMS/Triple Quad
- Chip FAIMS vs. FAIMS
- Rapid CF/DF scans (10-100x faster than with conventional-sized FAIMS cells)
- Effects of modifier gases and solvent vapors on separation of isomeric ions

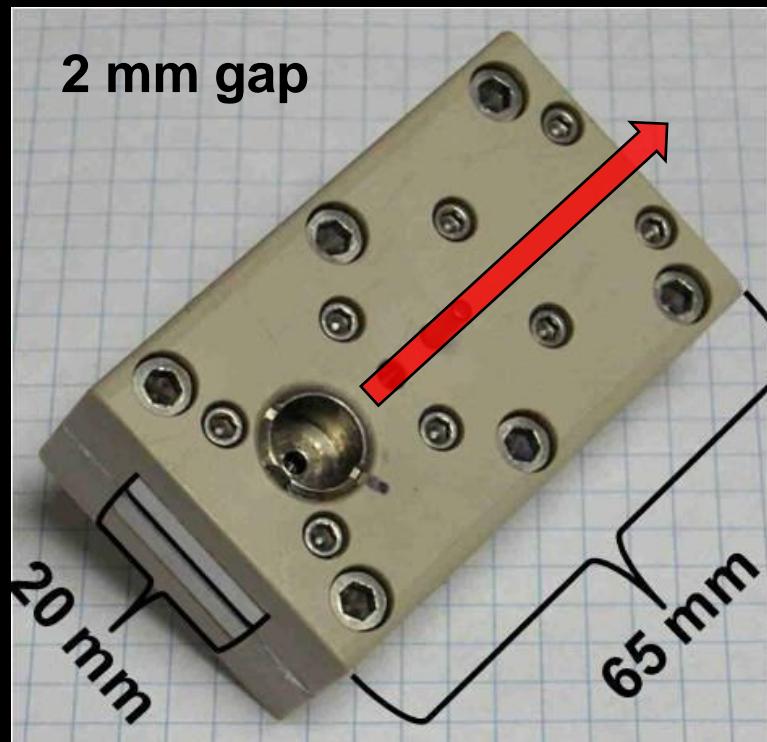
# Instrumentation

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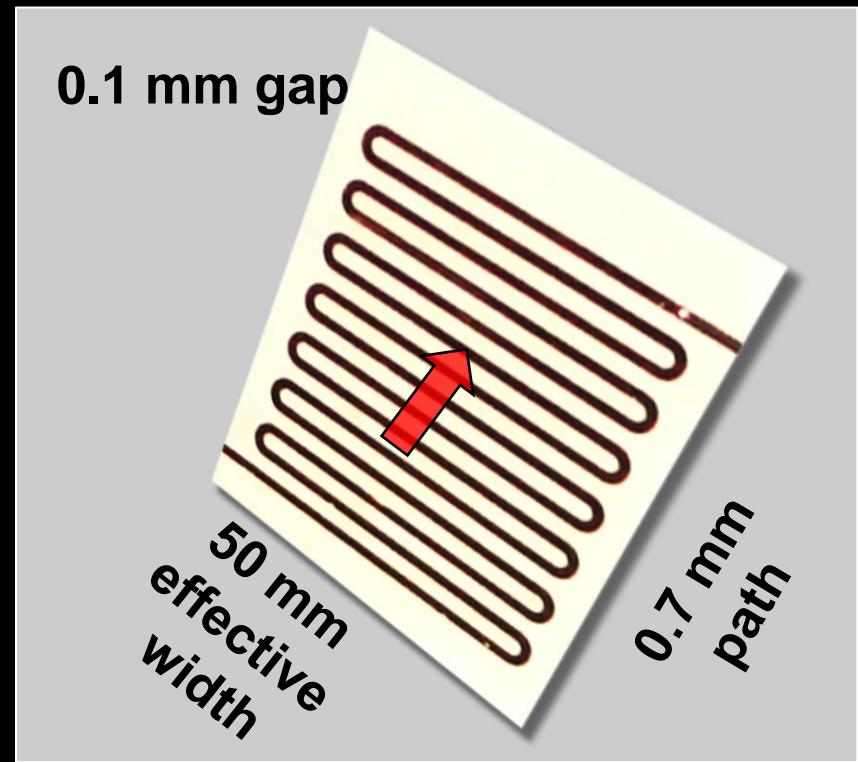
- Custom Owlstone FAIMS chip
- Agilent 6460 triple quadrupole mass spectrometer
- Custom Owlstone FAIMS waveform generator:
  - DF up to 350 Townsends (DV to ~600V<sub>p</sub>, 60kV/cm)
  - CF -30 to 30Td (CV -50 to +50V)



# Chip FAIMS vs. Conventional FAIMS



FAIMS



Chip FAIMS

20x narrower gap, 2.5x wider channel, 100x shorter path

DV to 5000 V<sub>p</sub> @ 2 MHz  
→ 25 kV/cm, 150 Td

DV to 600 V<sub>p</sub> @ 27 MHz  
→ 60 kV/cm, 350 Td

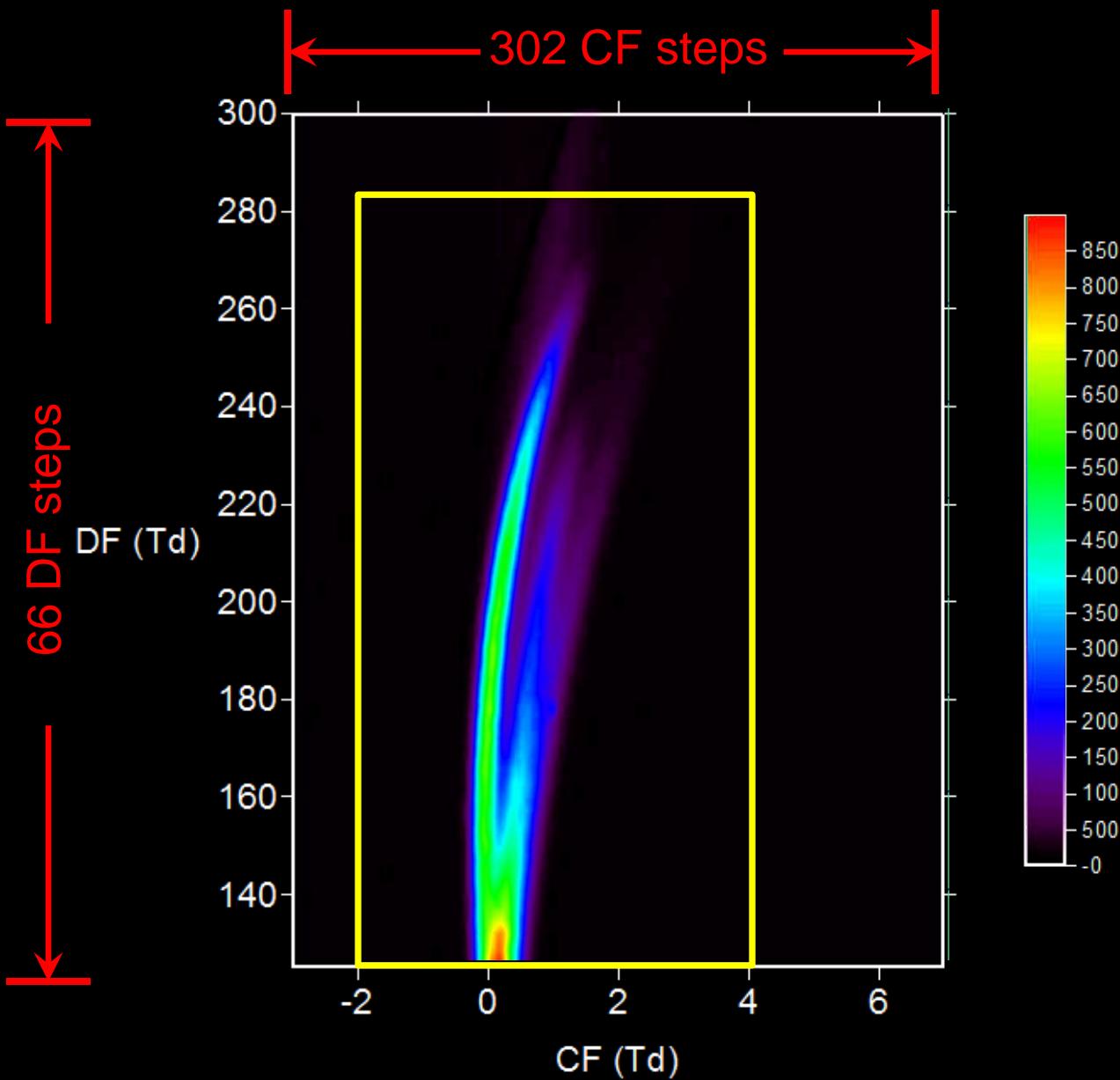
# CF/DF Scan: *m*-phthalic acid [M-H]<sup>-</sup>

Comprehensive  
CF/DF Scan

SIM mode  
20,000 steps  
in 11 minutes

What if we want a  
more rapid  
CF/DF Scan ?

Limit range, fewer  
steps

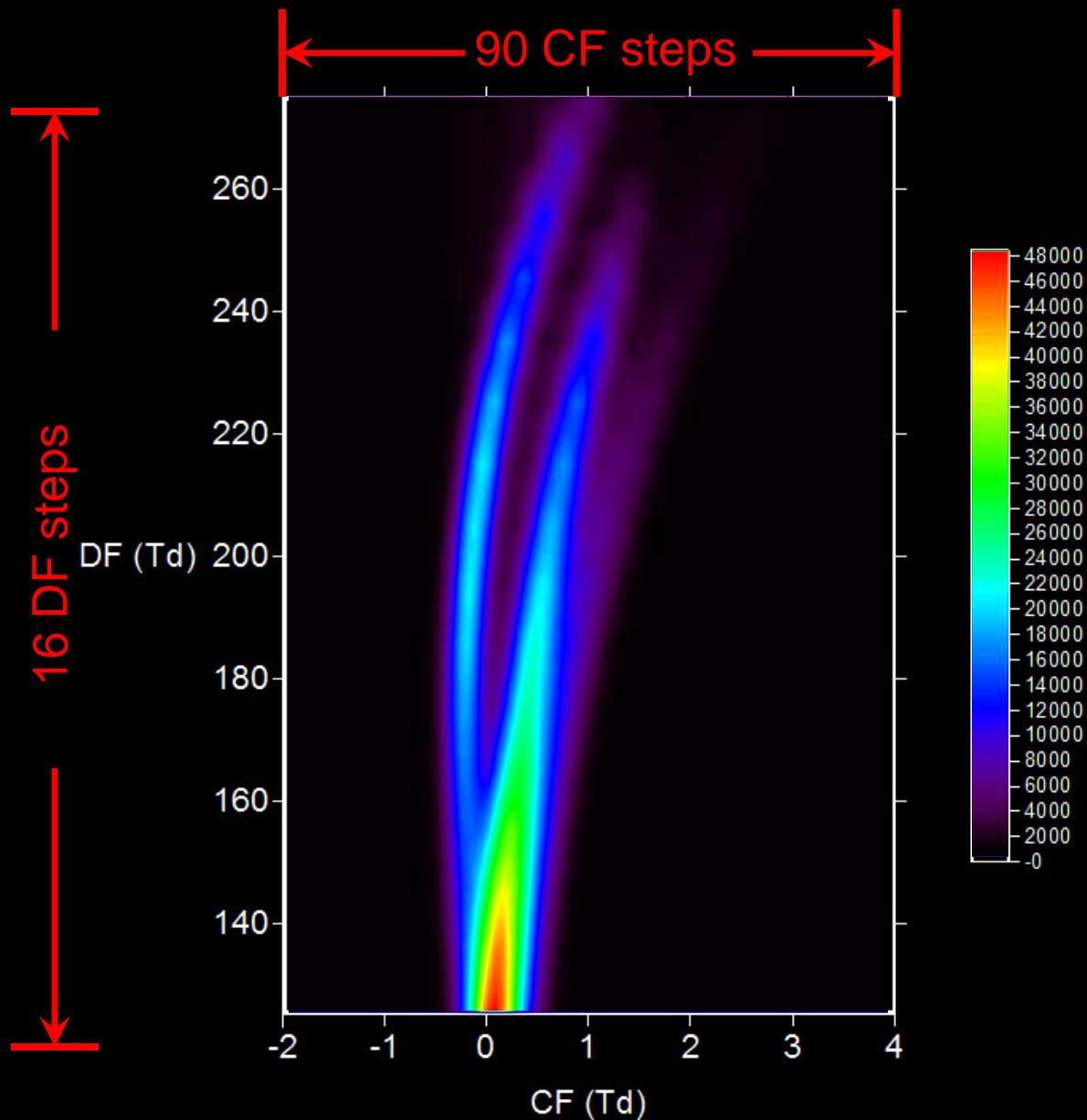


# Rapid CF/DF Scan

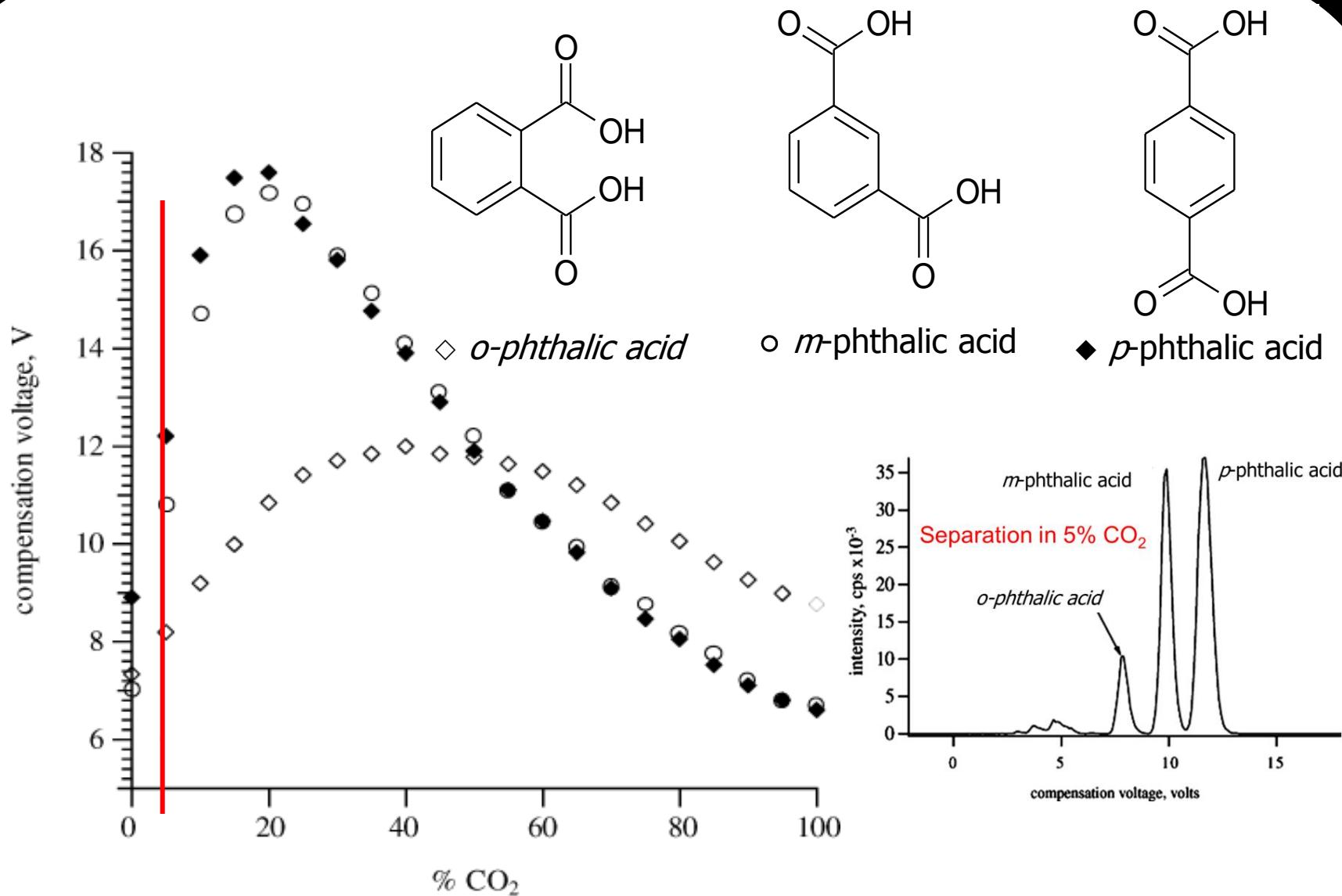
Rapid  
CF/DF Scan

SIM mode  
1440 steps  
in 48 seconds

With reductions in  
scan overhead,  
we should be able  
to reduce this to  
<10 seconds



# FAIMS w/ Modifier Gases ( $\text{CO}_2$ )



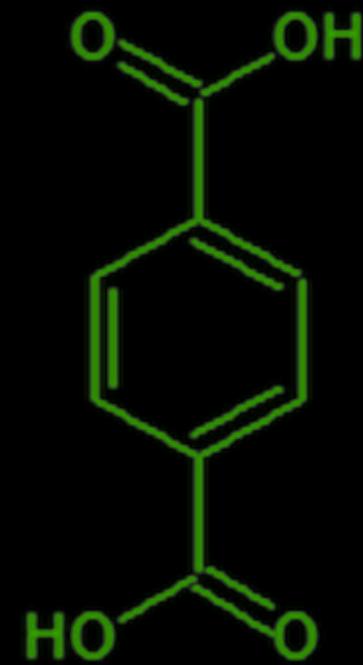
# Chip FAIMS w/ Modifier Gases ( $\text{CO}_2$ )



*o*-phthalic acid



*m*-phthalic acid

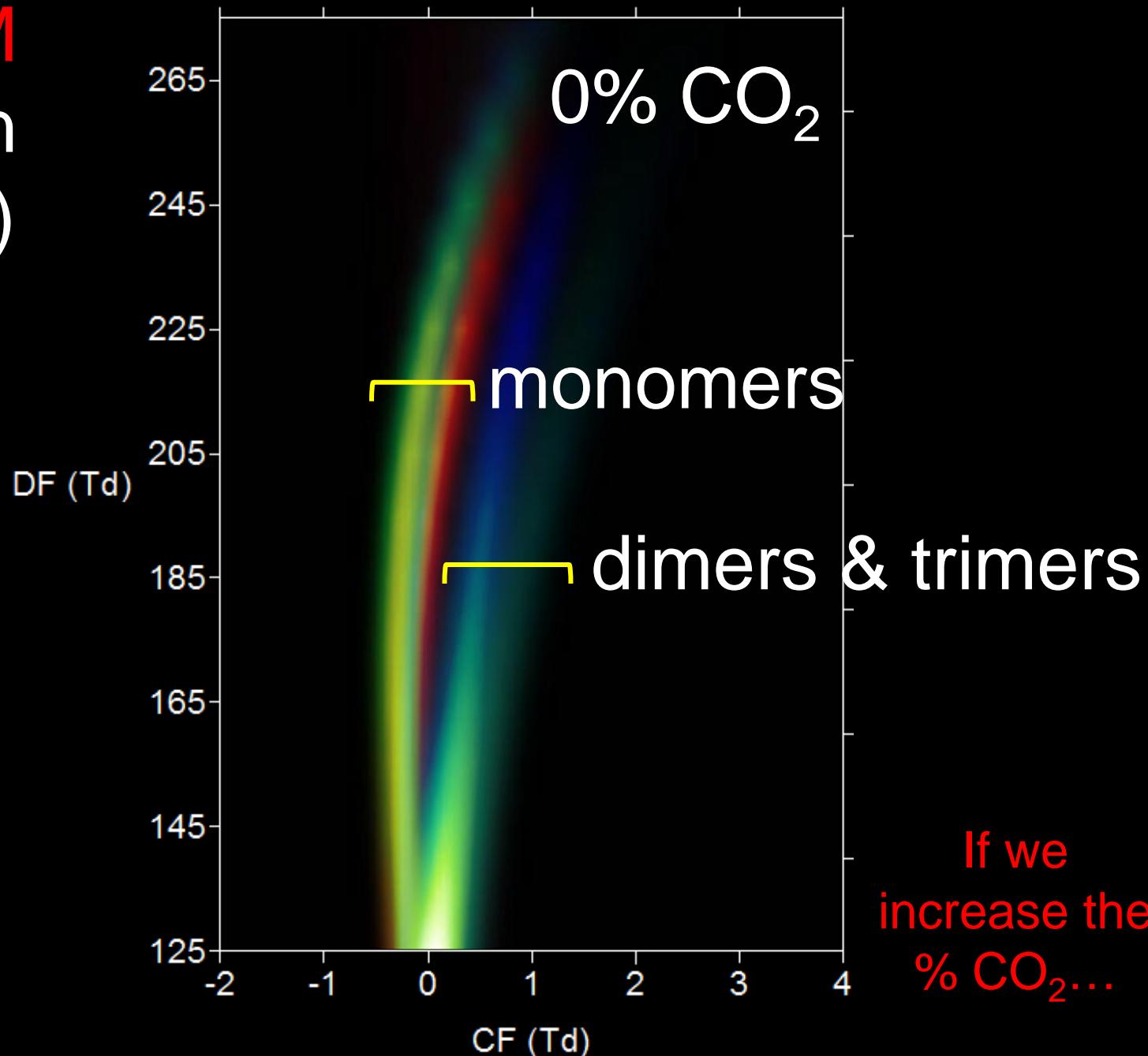


*p*-phthalic acid

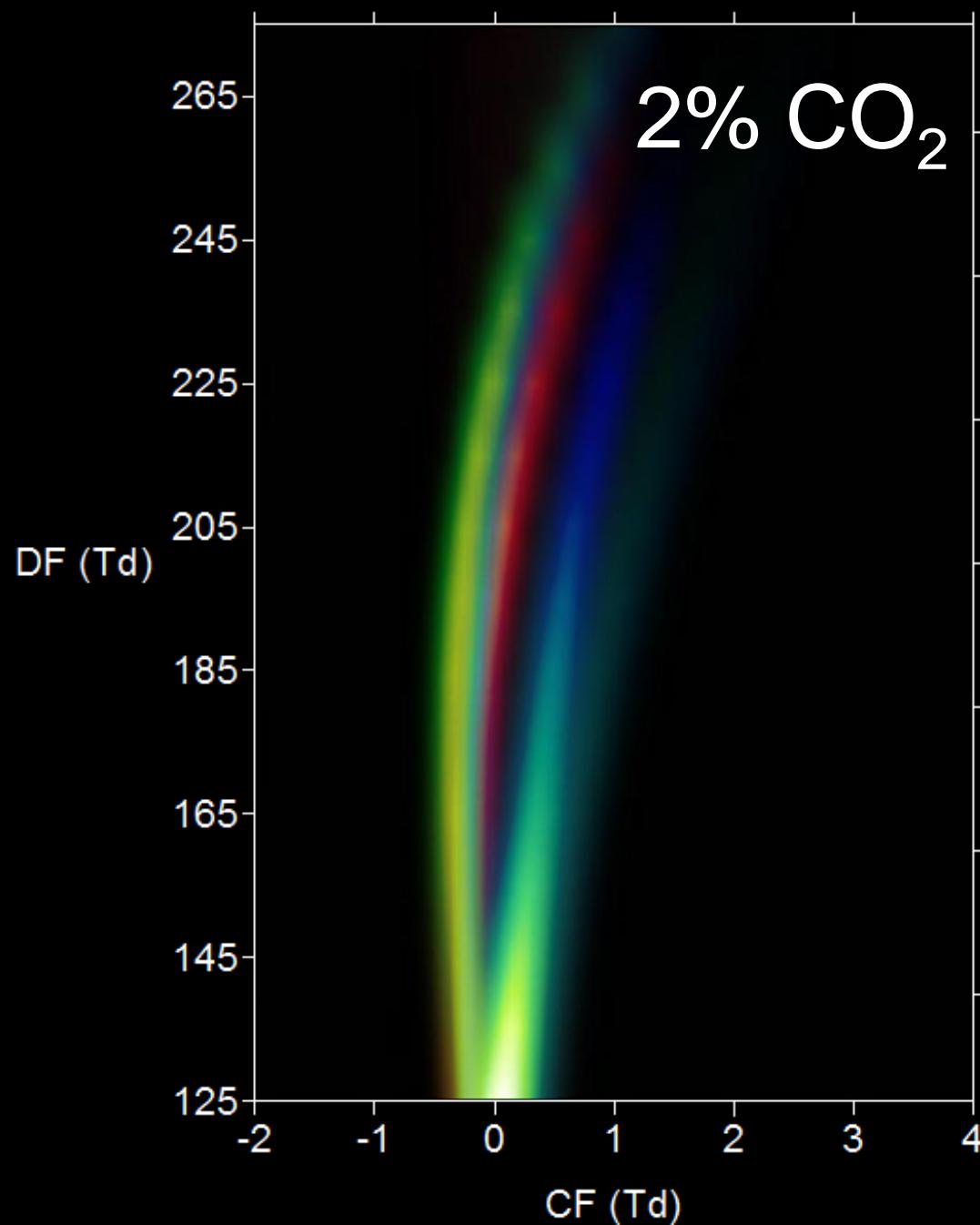
# ESI - SIM

[M-H]<sup>-</sup> ion  
(m/z 165)

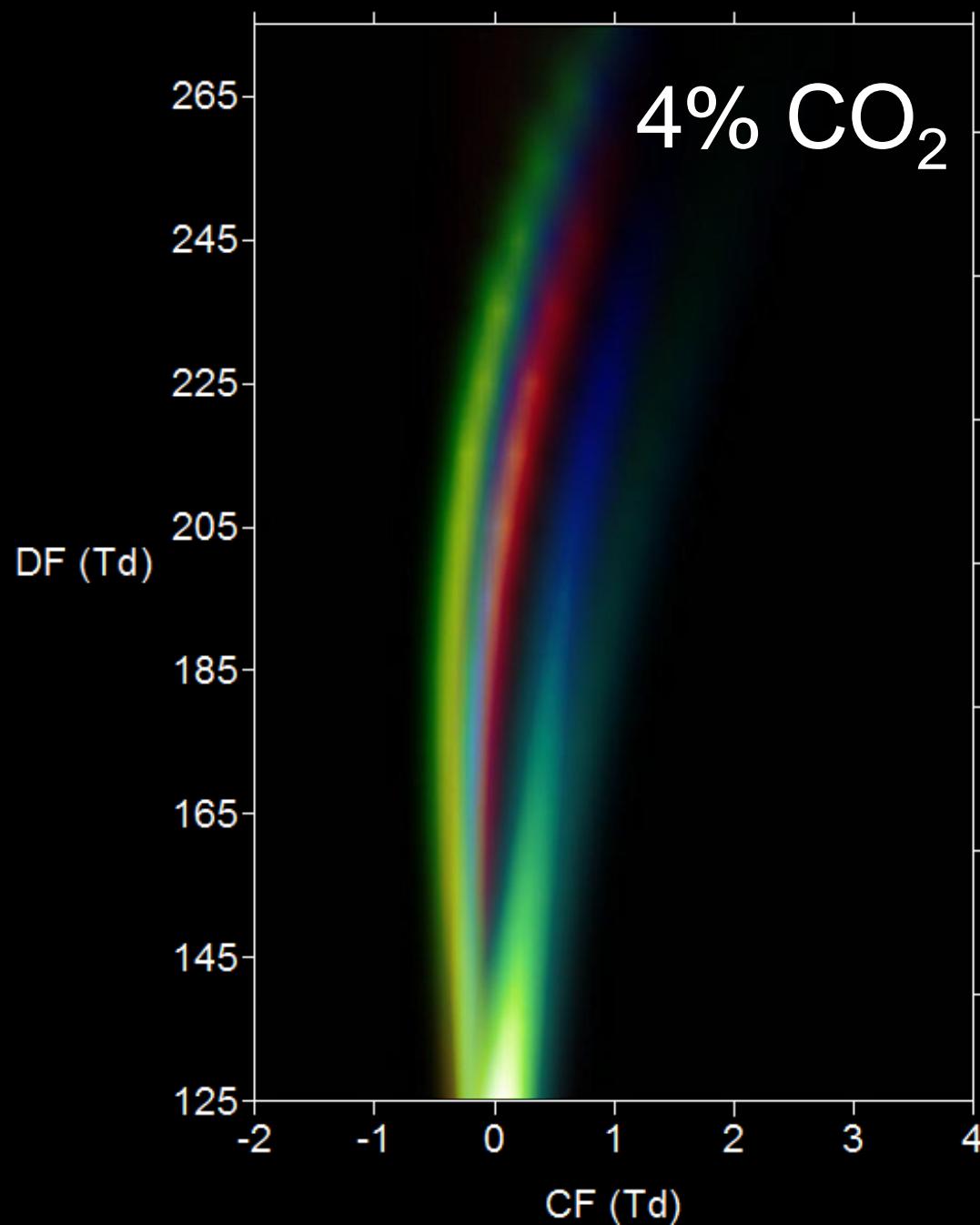
o-red  
m-blue  
p-green



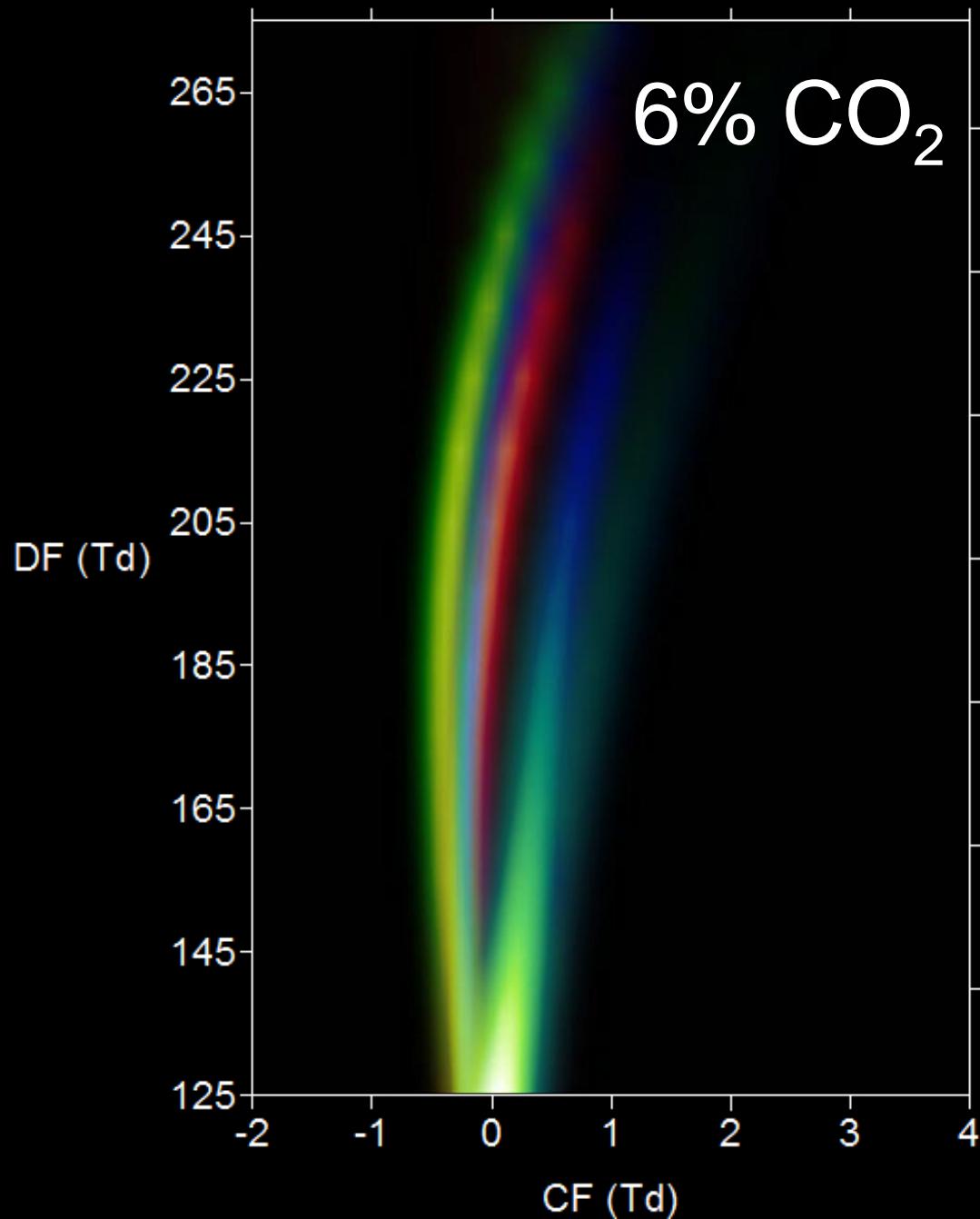
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m-blue  
p-green



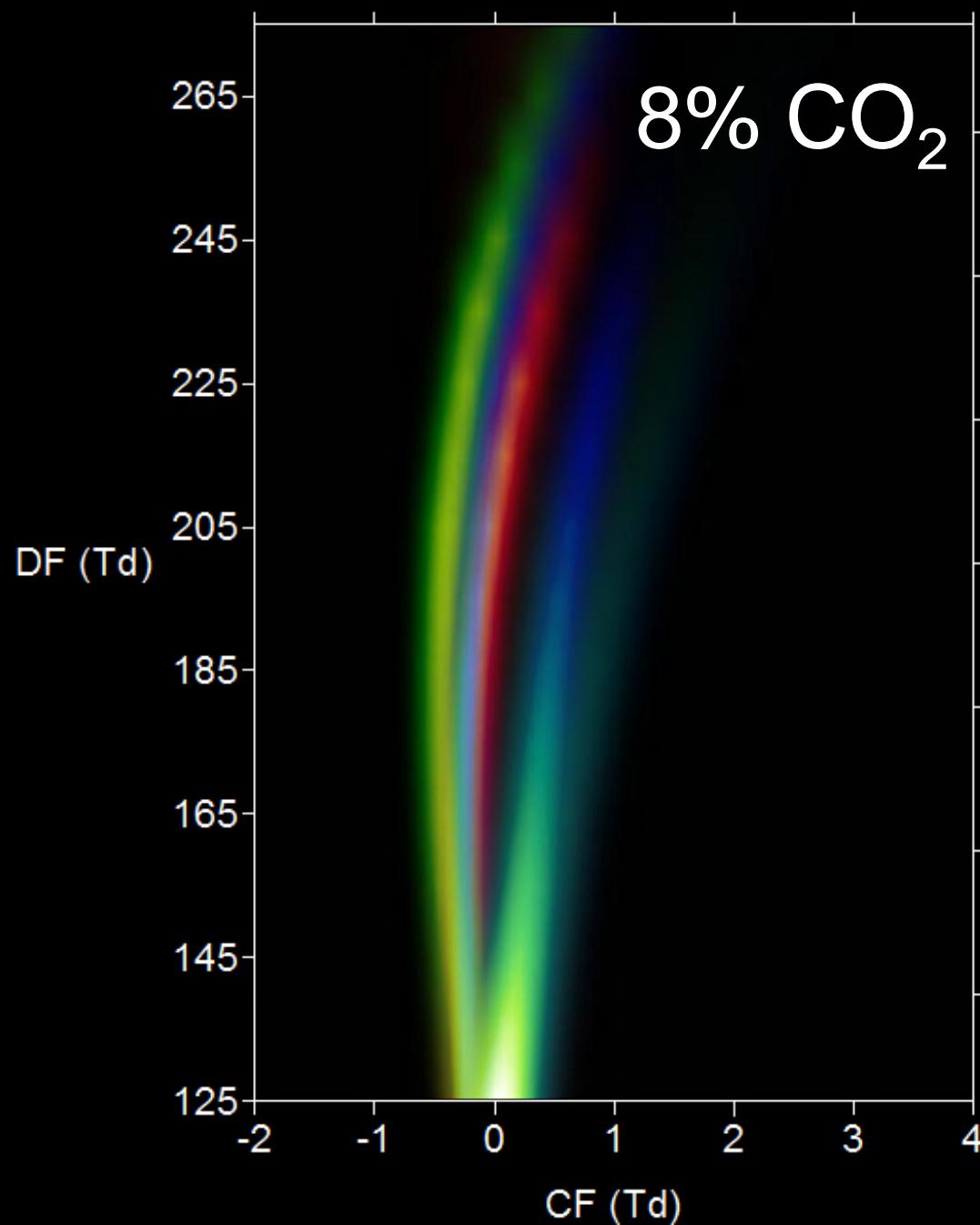
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m-blue  
p-green



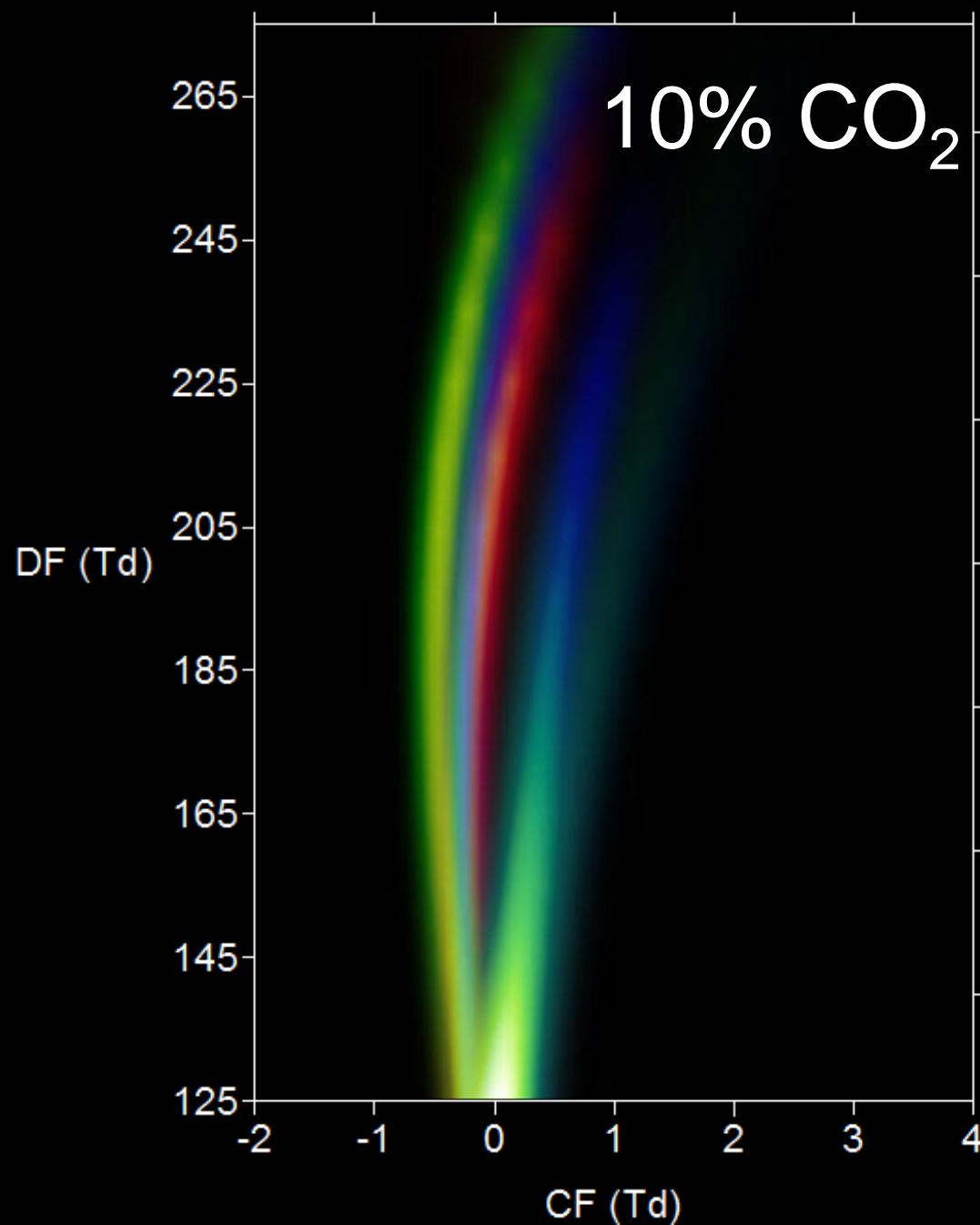
**O-red**  
**m-blue**  
**p-green**



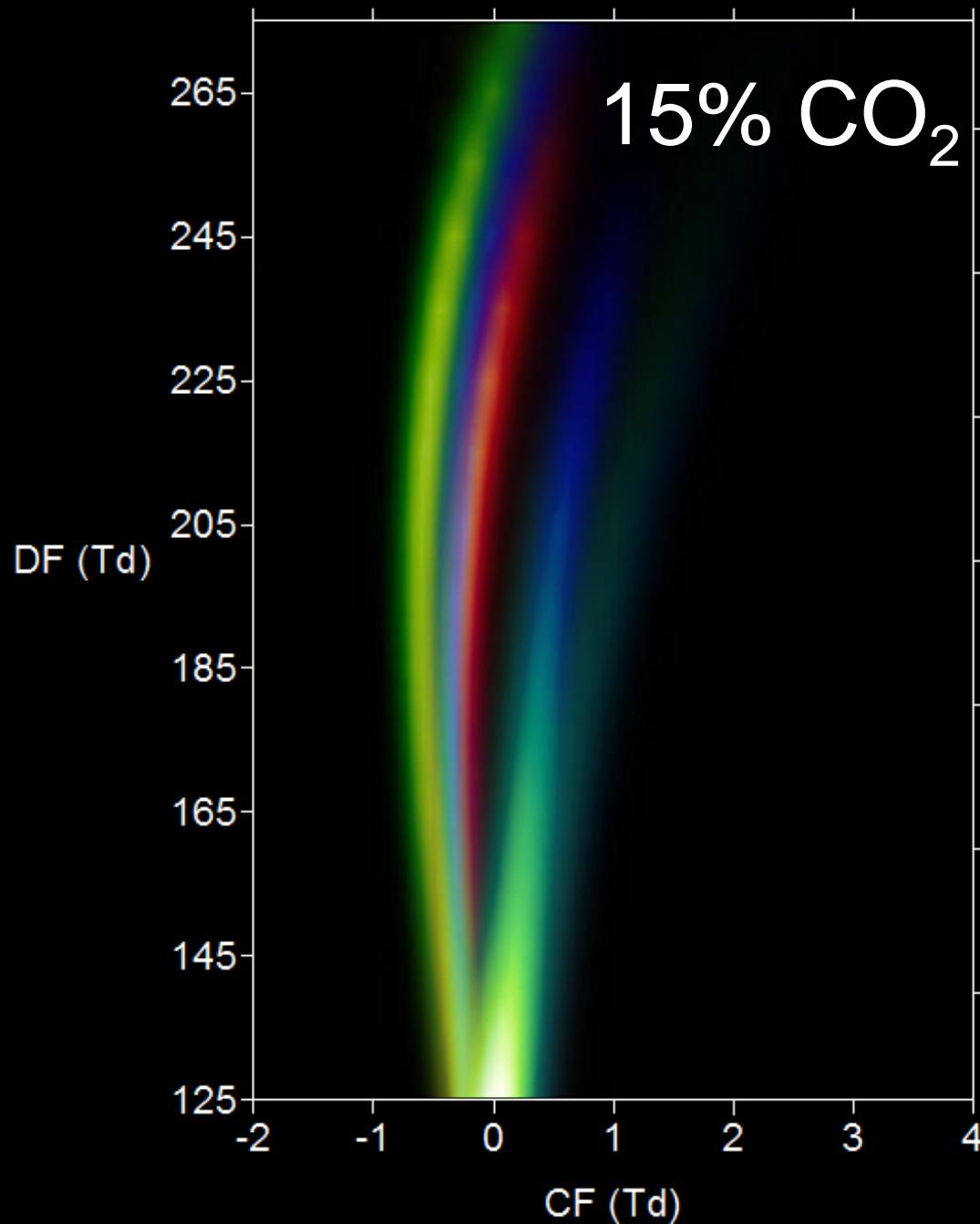
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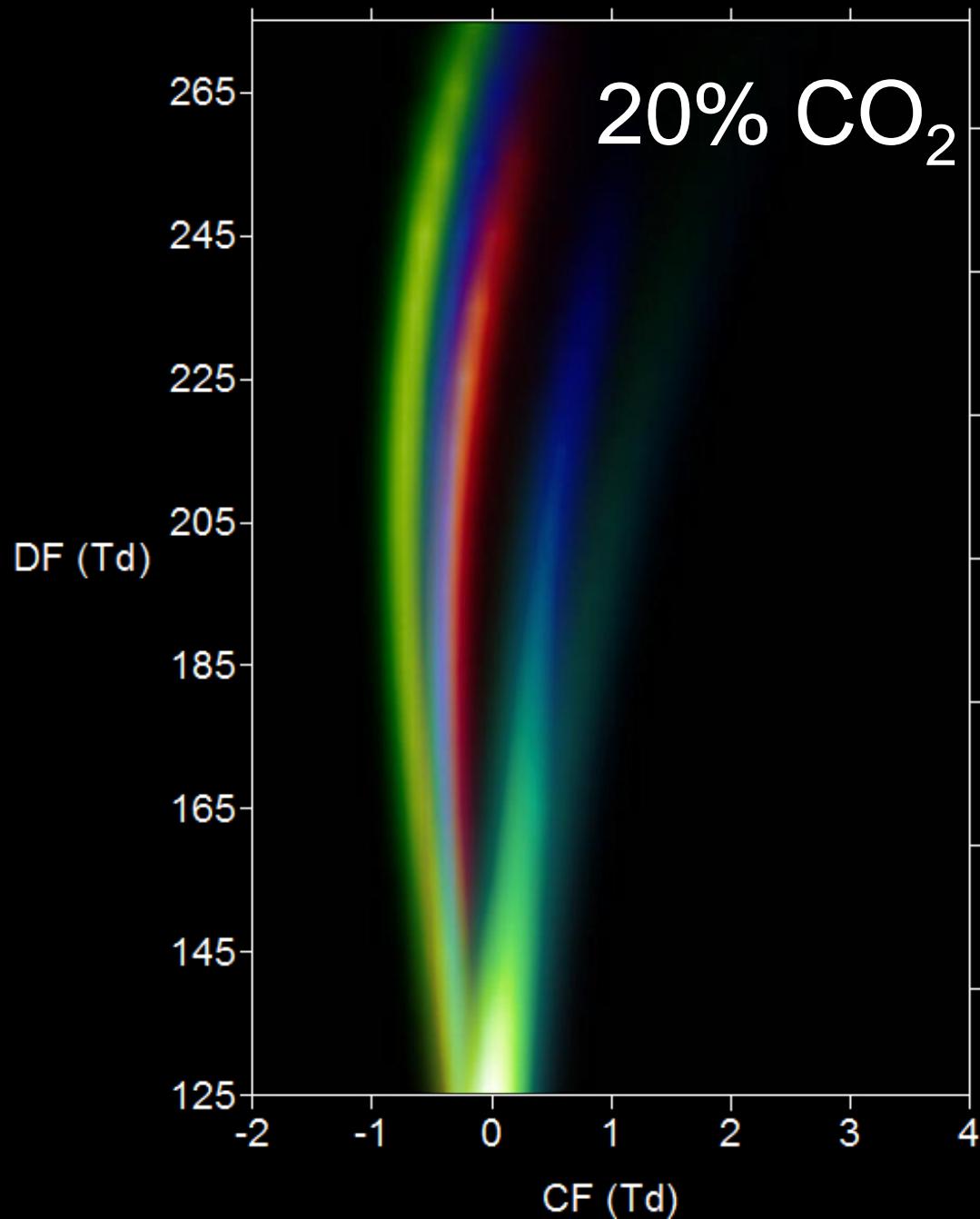
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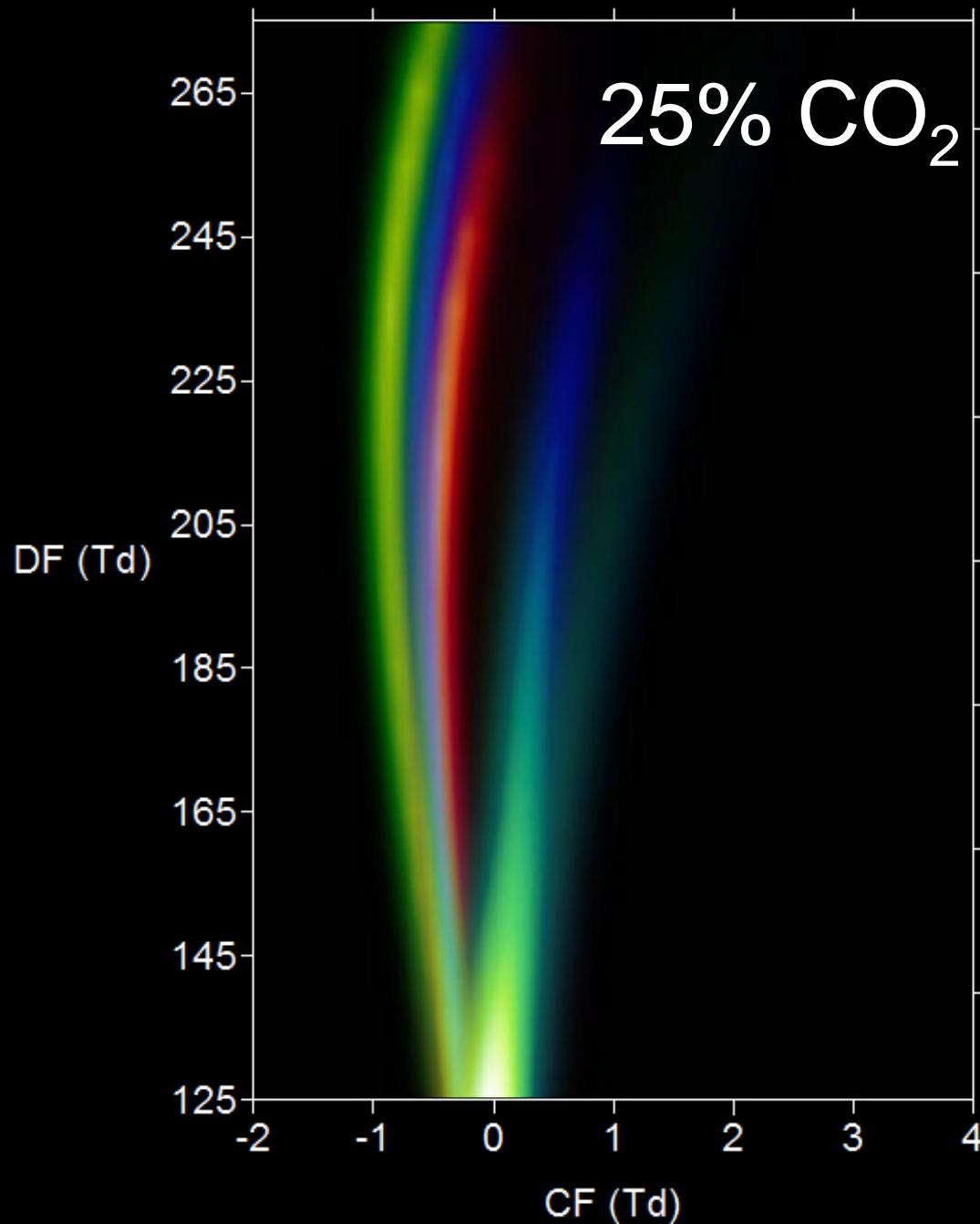
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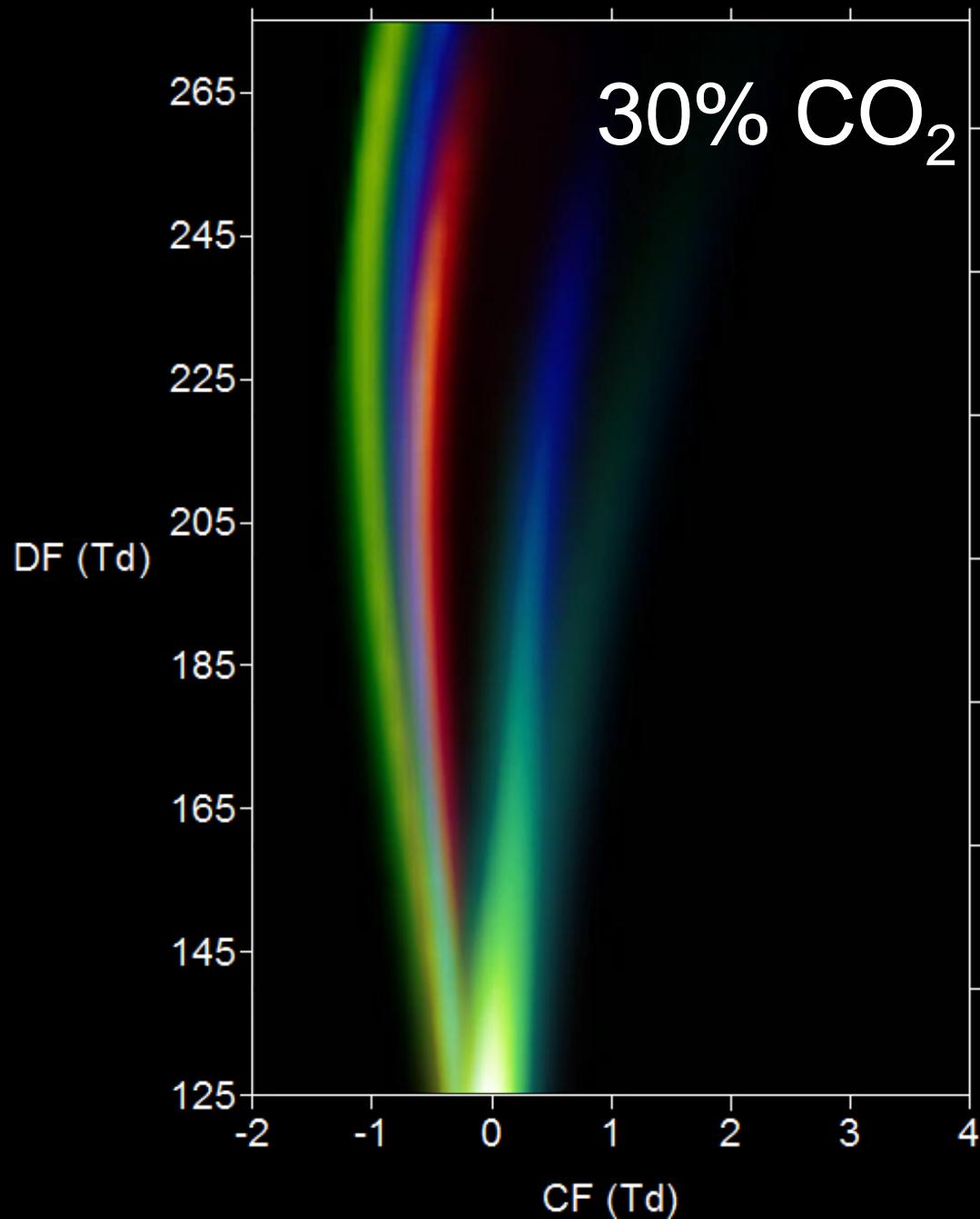
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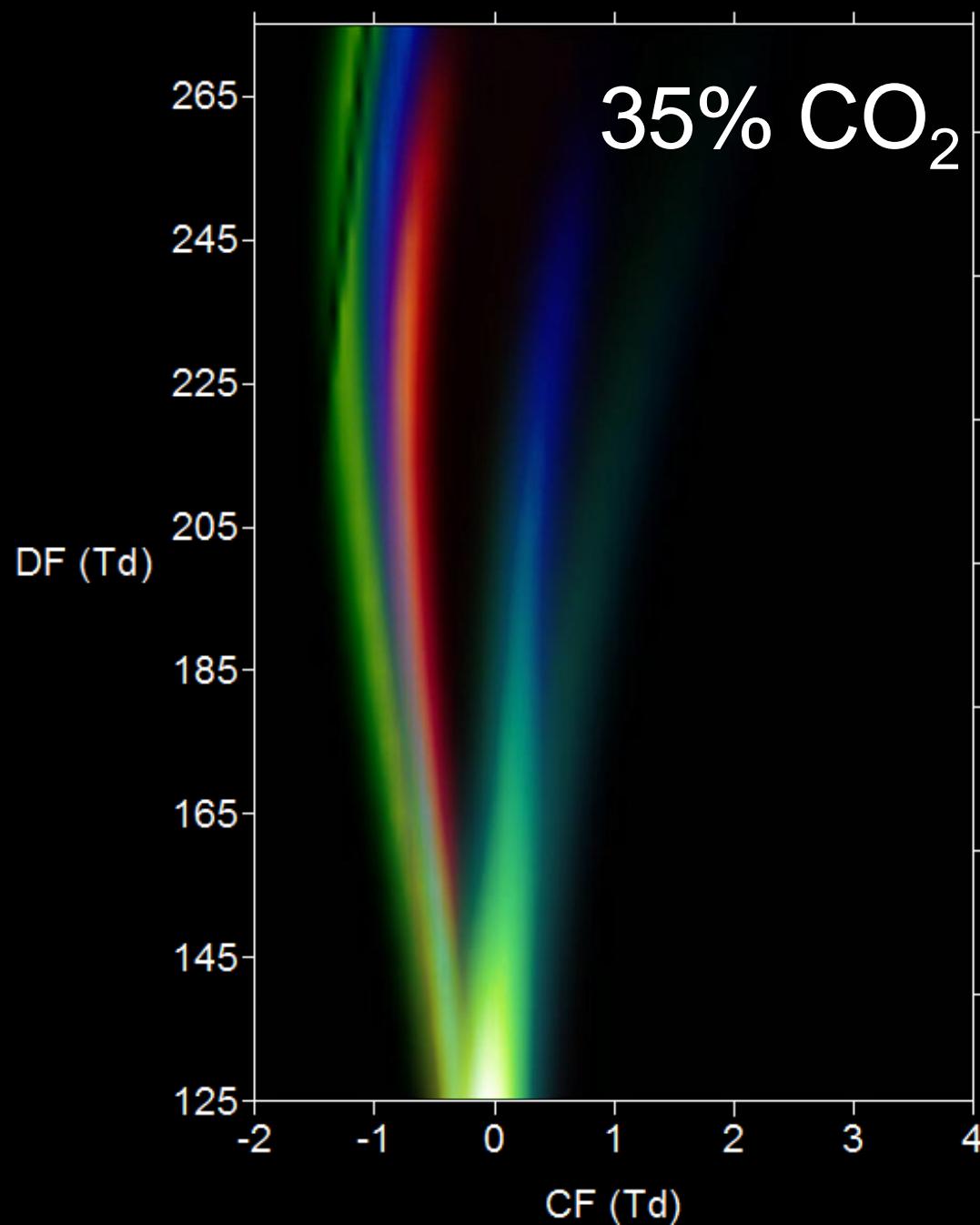
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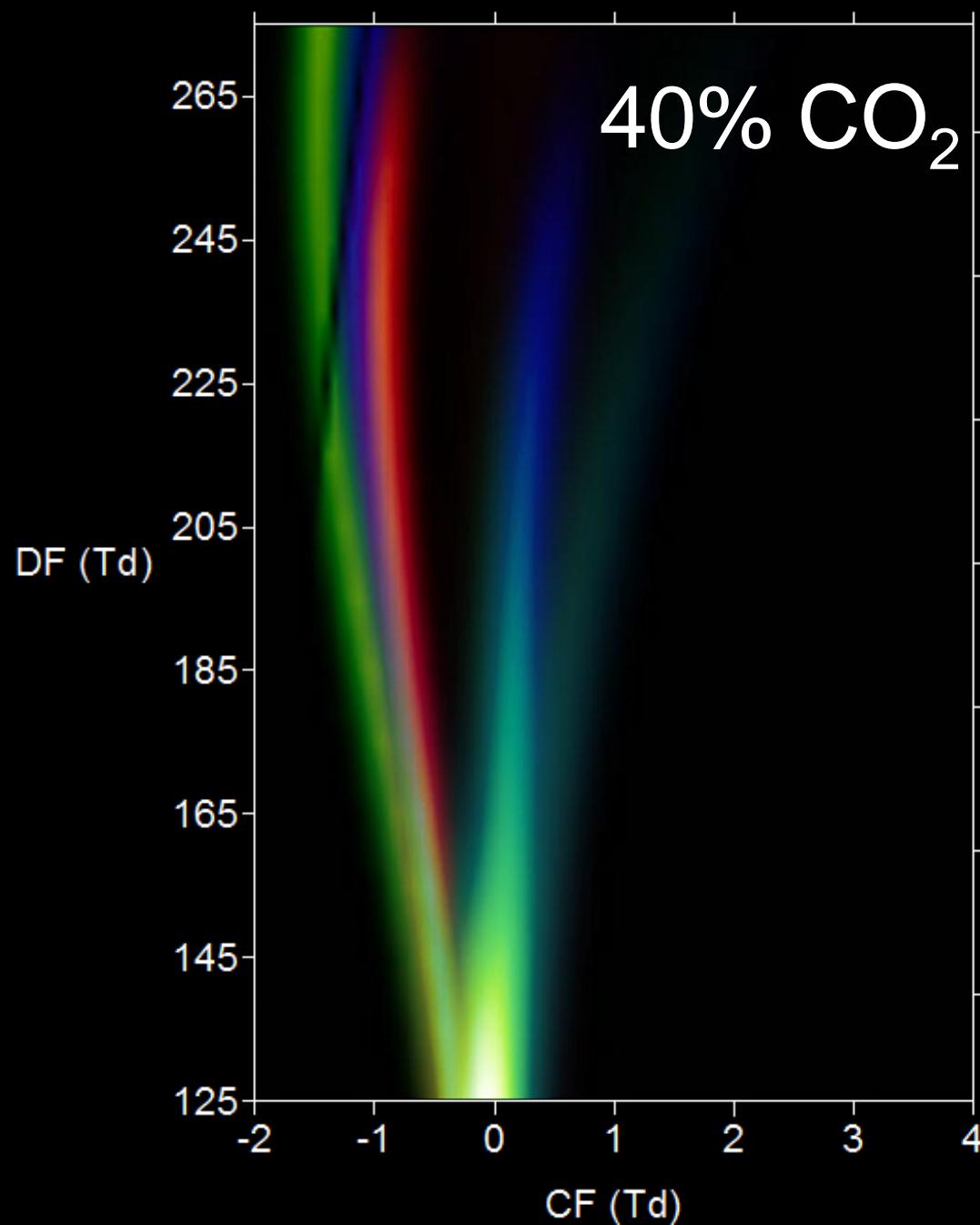
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m-blue  
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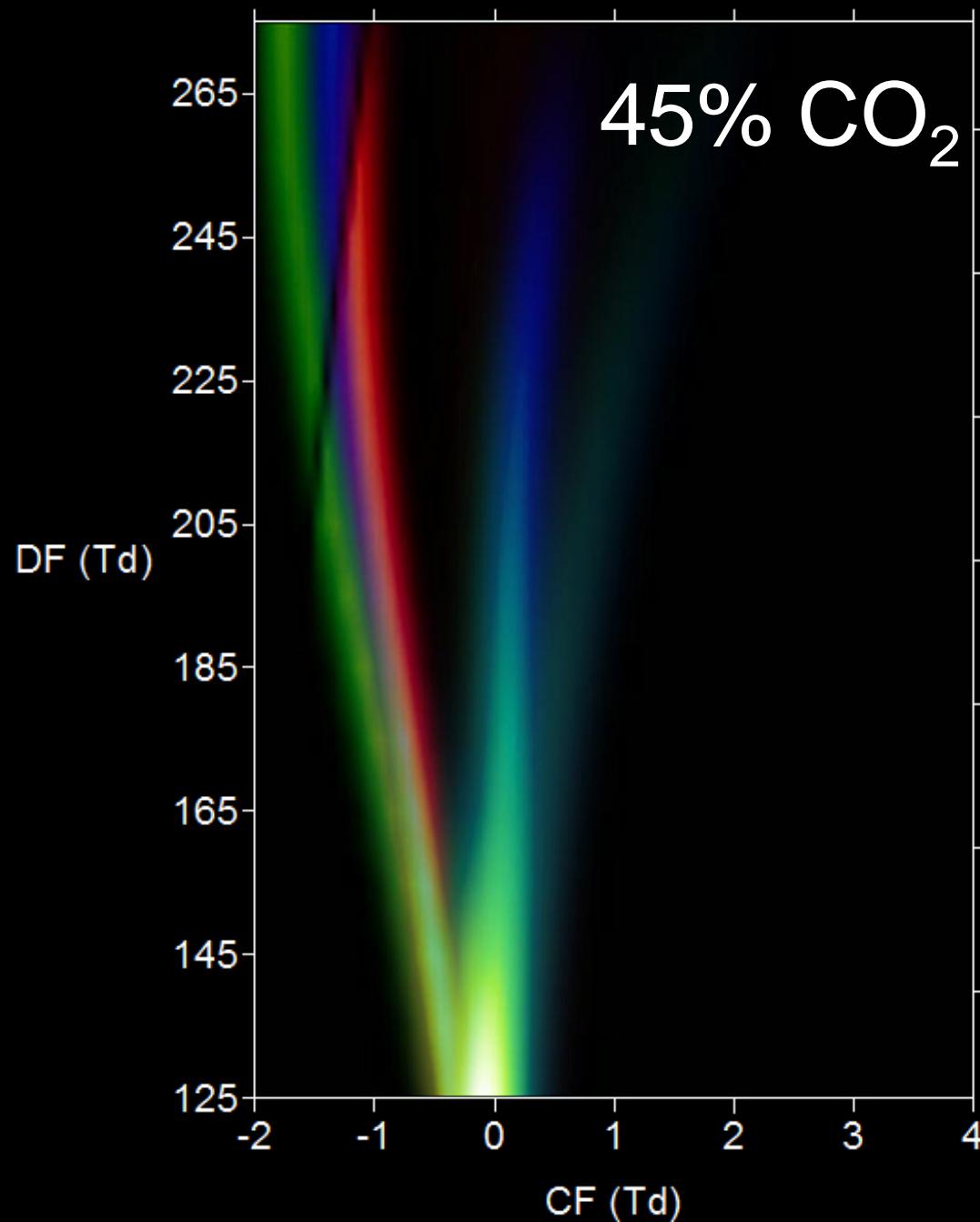
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



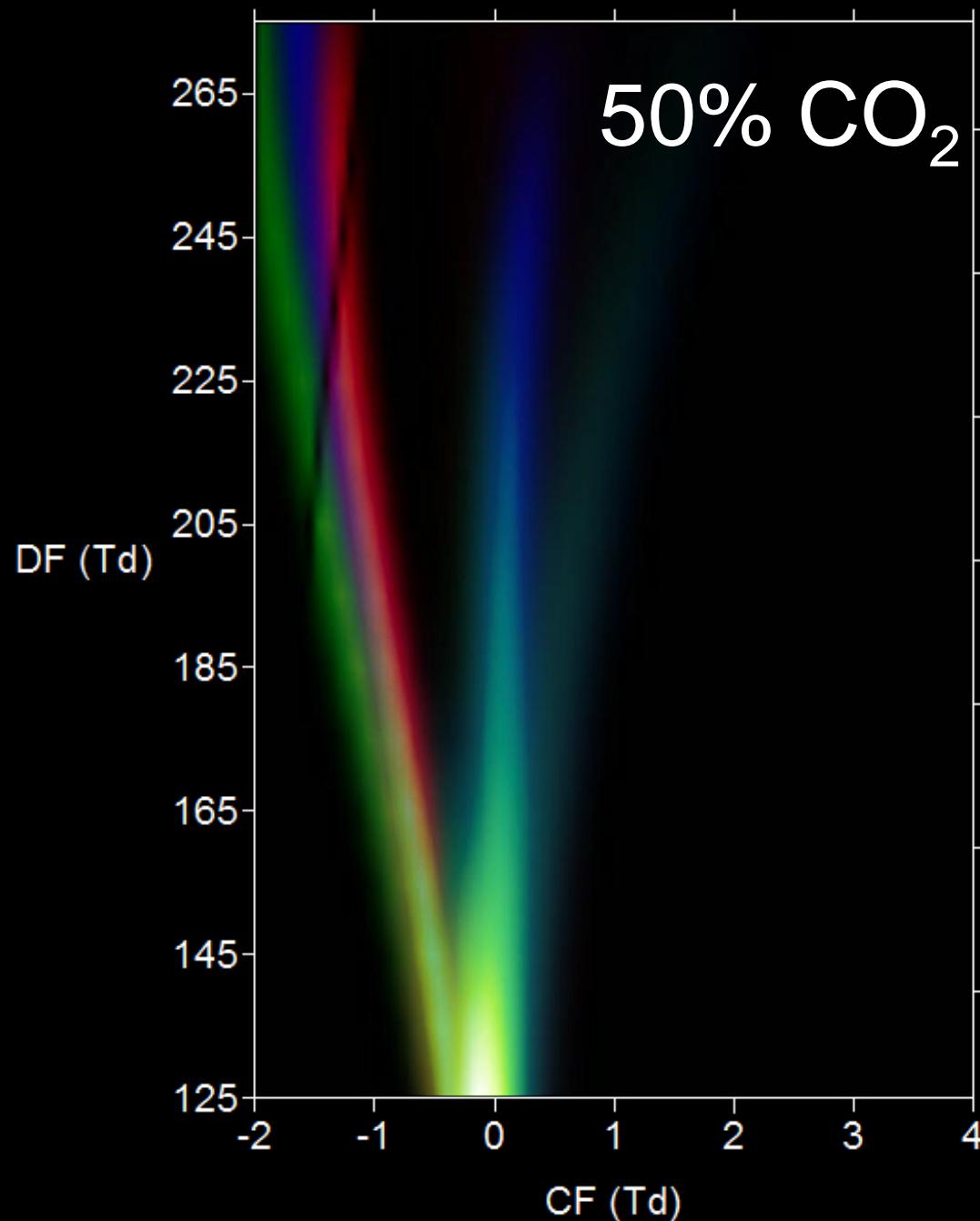
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**m-blue**  
**p-green**



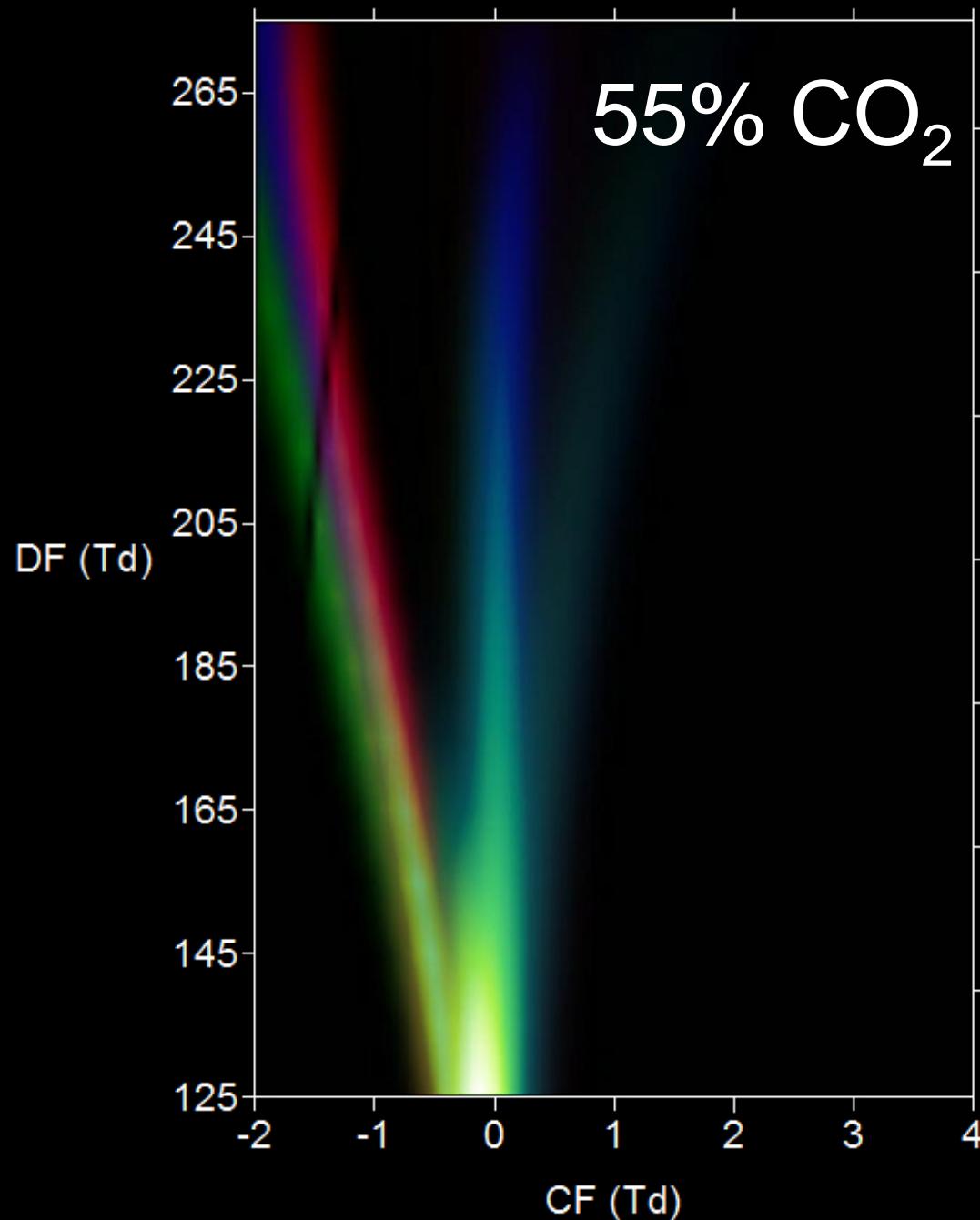
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m-**blue**  
p-**green**



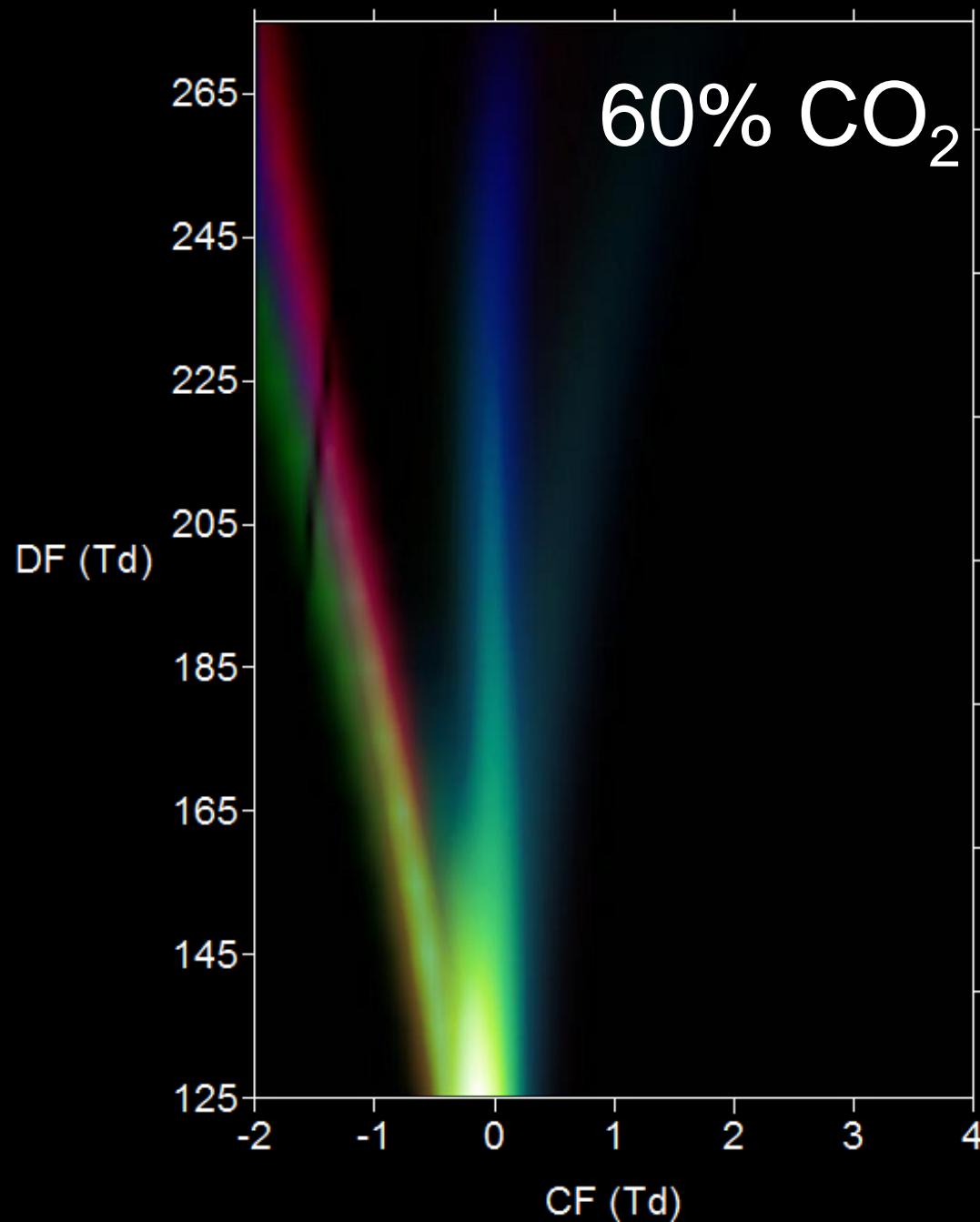
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m-blue  
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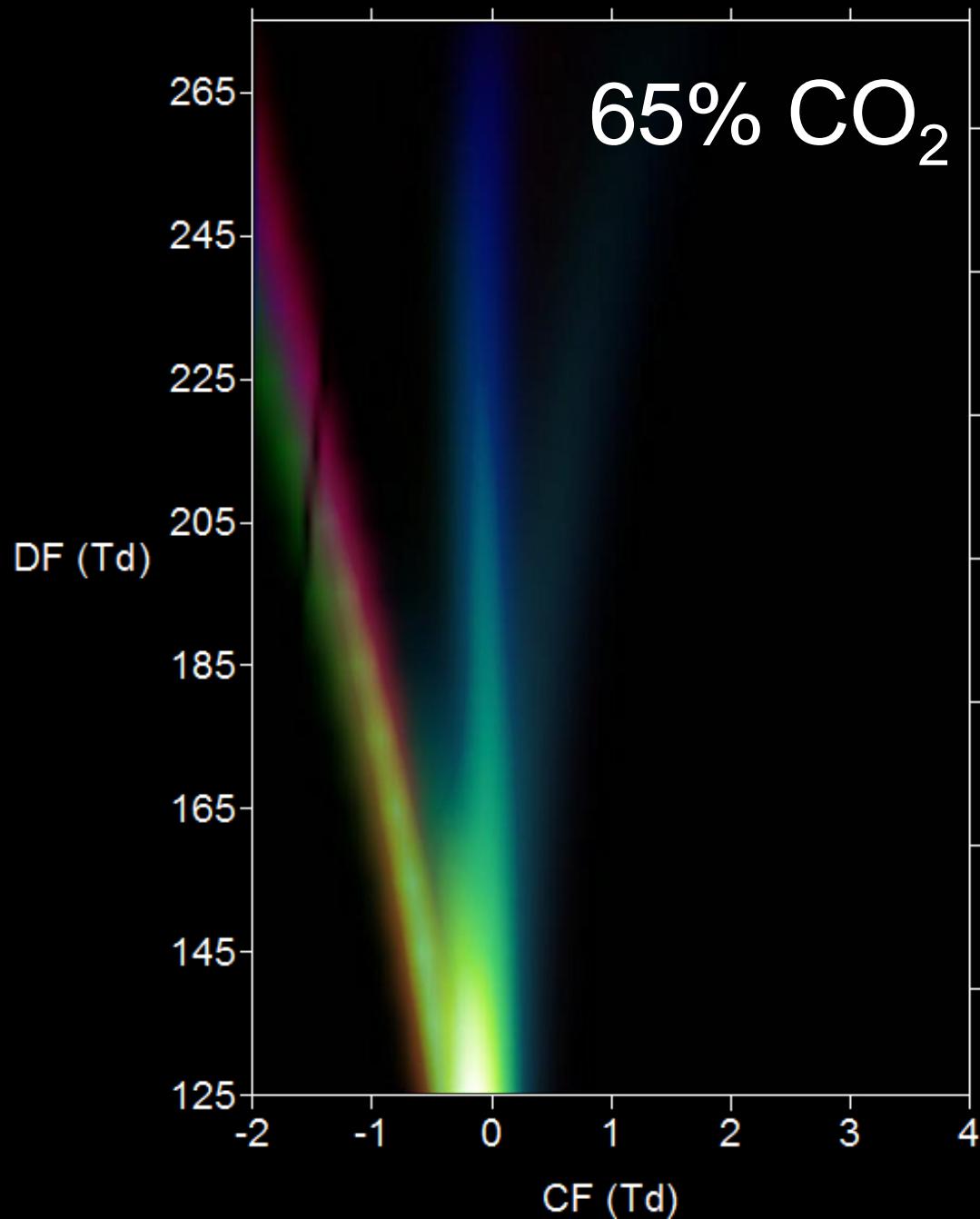
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



O-red  
m-blue  
p-green

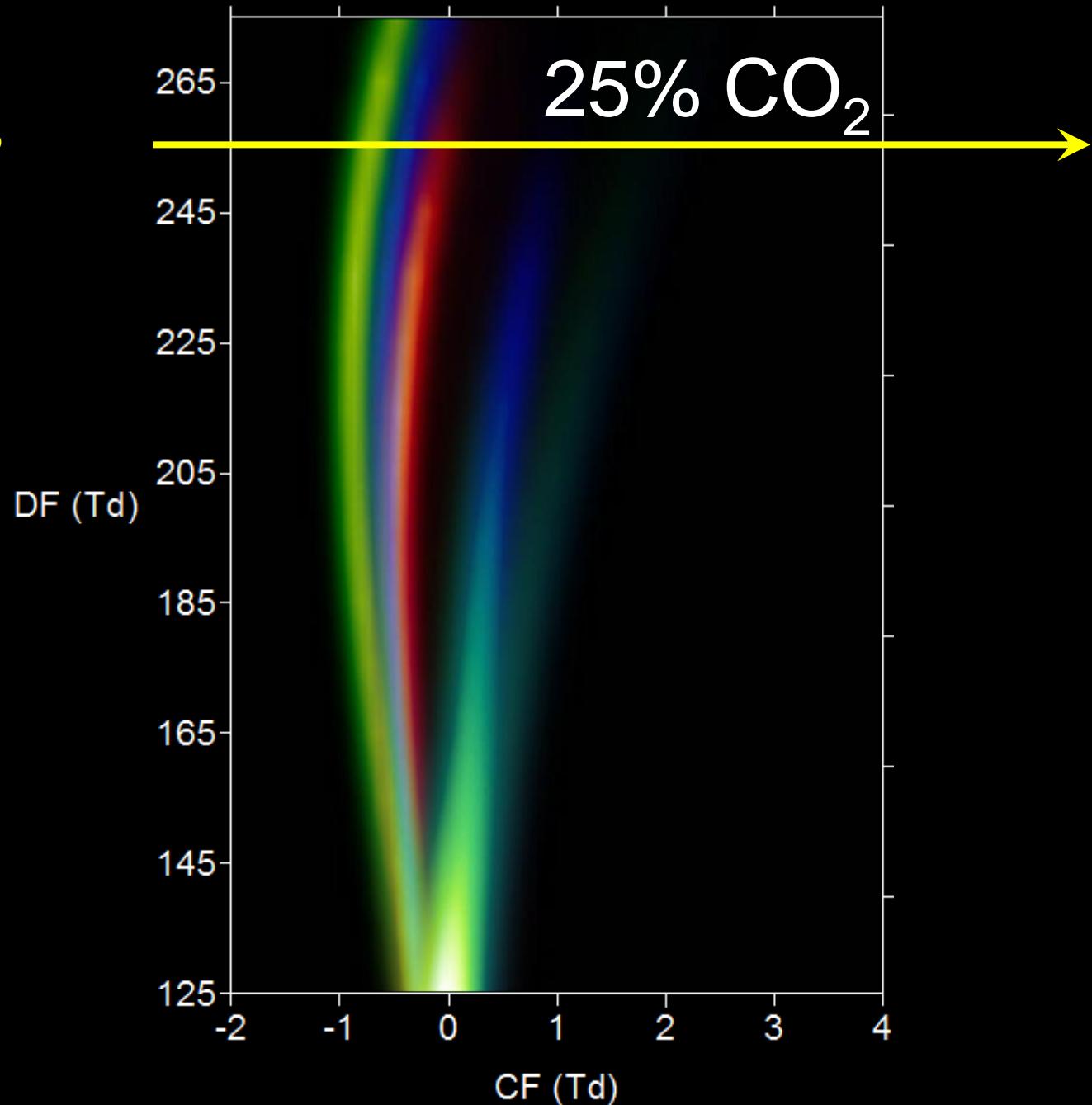


**O-red**  
**m-blue**  
**p-green**

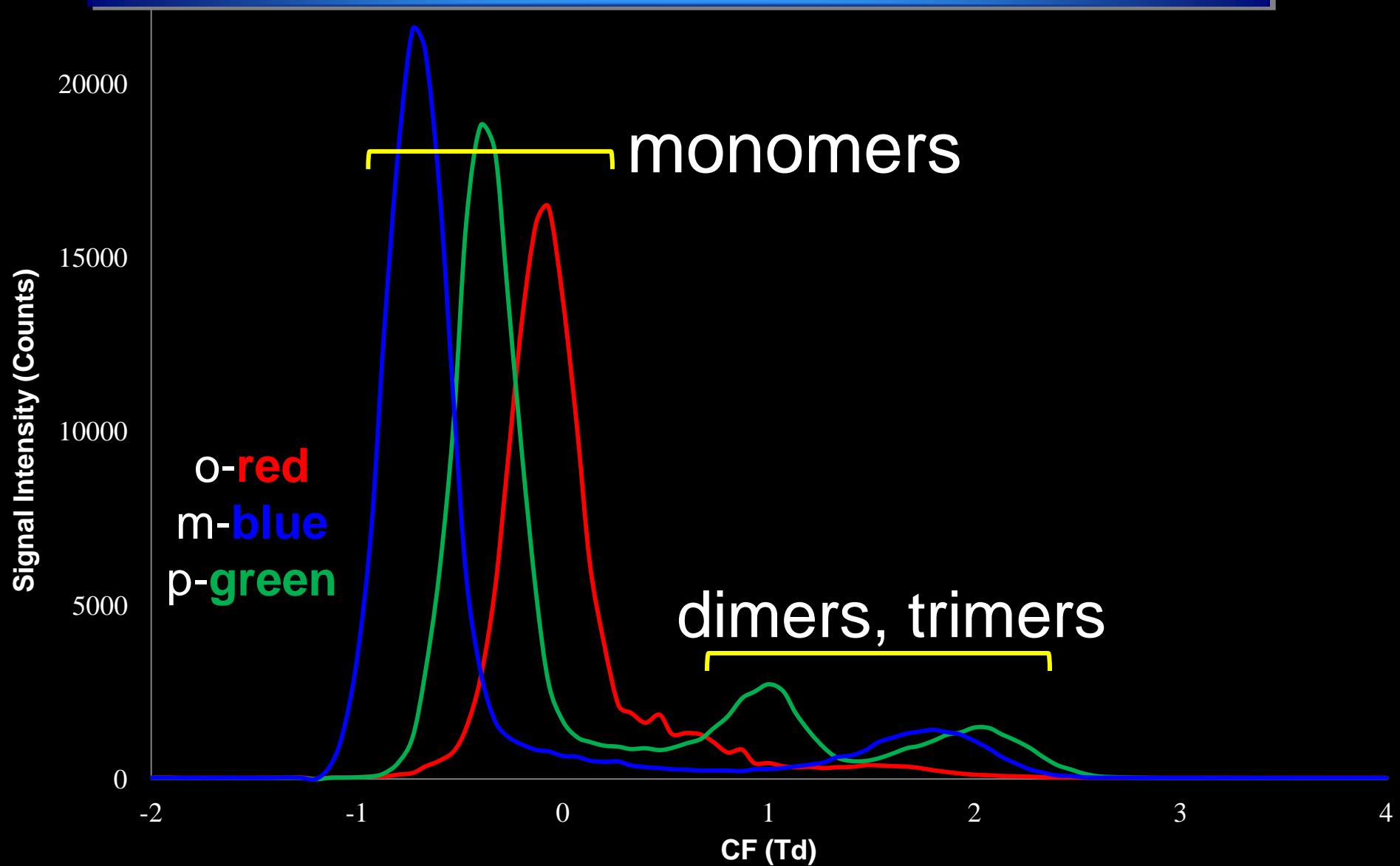


Best  
Separation?

O-red  
m-blue  
p-green

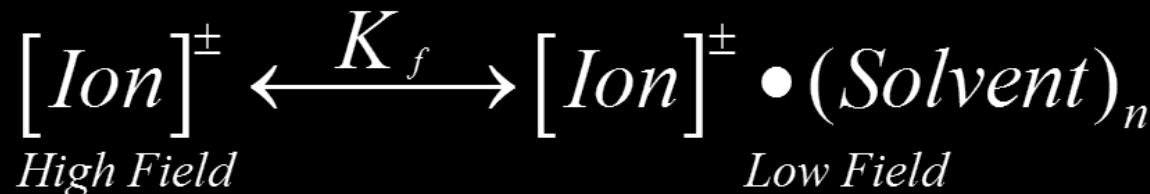


# Chip FAIMS - 25% CO<sub>2</sub> at DF= 255 Td



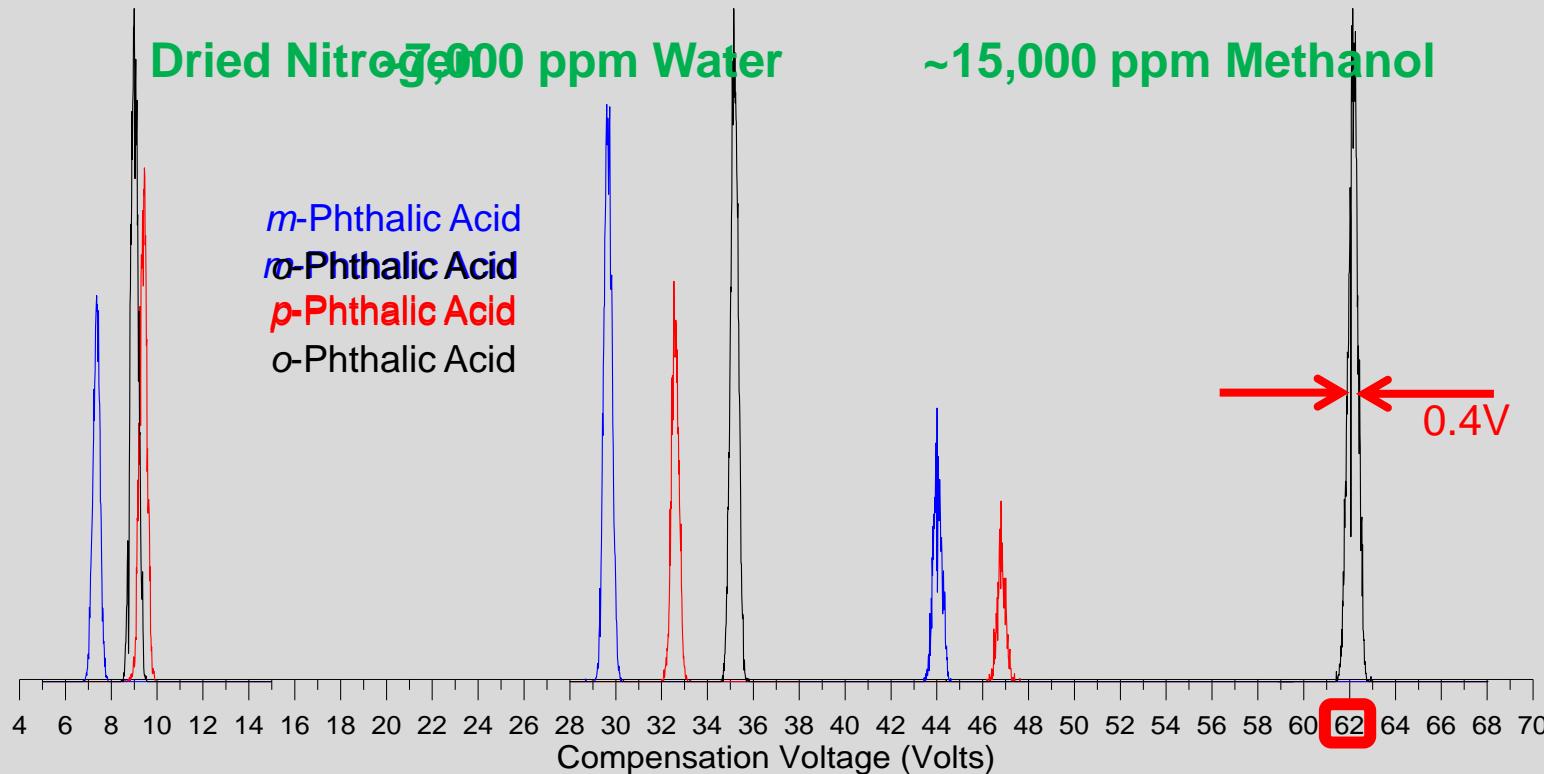
# Effects of Solvent Vapor on FAIMS

- Ion-neutral molecule clustering
- Differing cluster sizes due to asymmetric field
  - @ Lower field, “cooler” ions → “clustered” ion
  - @ Higher field, “hotter” ions → “bare” ion



- Different ions may cluster differently
  - Isomers
  - Different ions ( $M^-$ ,  $[M-H]^-$ ) from same compound

# Adding Solvent Vapors – FAIMS



Increased Resolution of  $[M-H]^-$  Ions of Phthalic Acid Isomers with Solvent Vapor

Dried Nitrogen		
	CV	$R_p$
<i>m</i> -	7.37 V	20.5
		2.42
<i>o</i> -	8.99 V	22.3
		0.67
<i>p</i> -	9.45 V	27

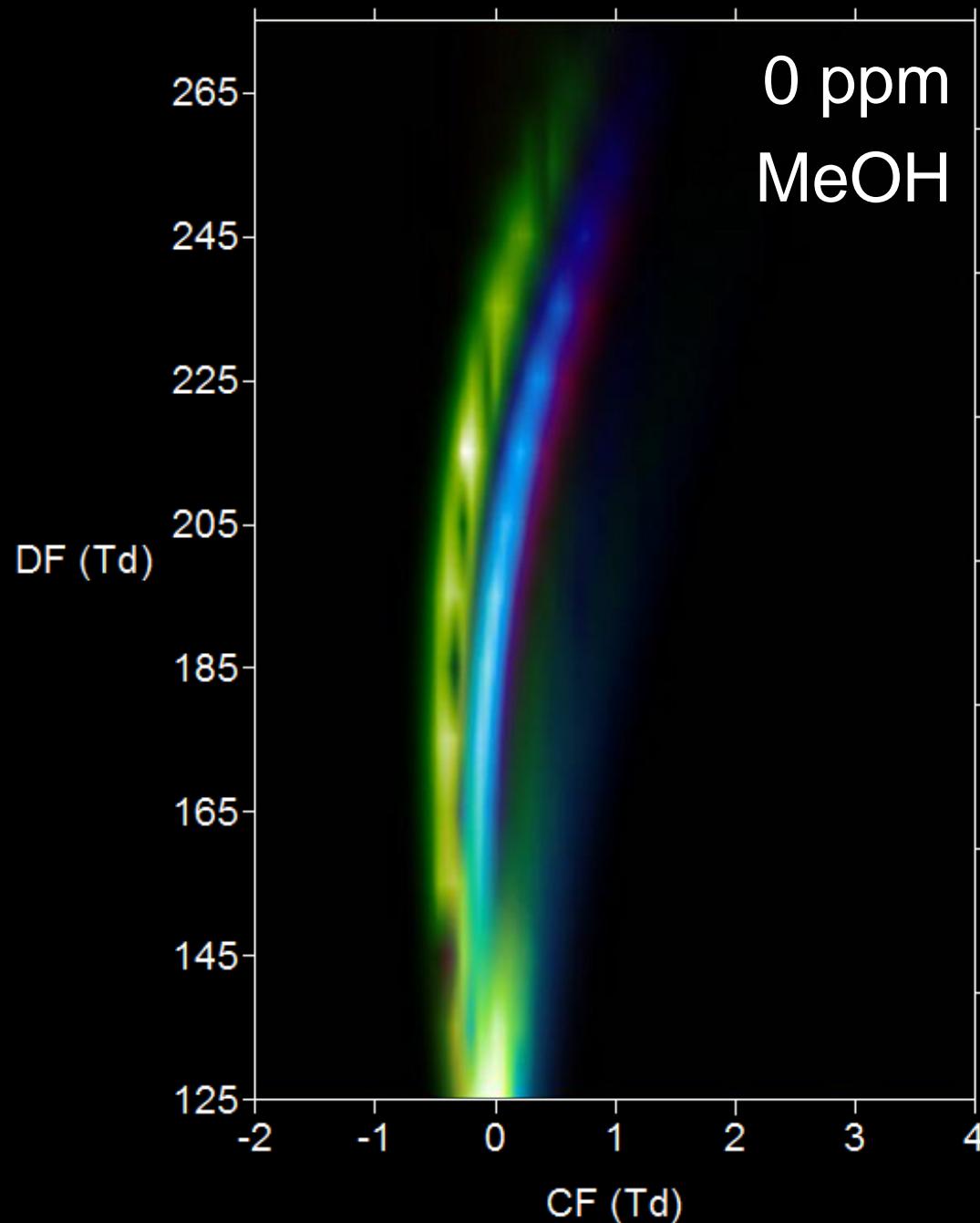
# Adding Solvent Vapors – Chip FAIMS

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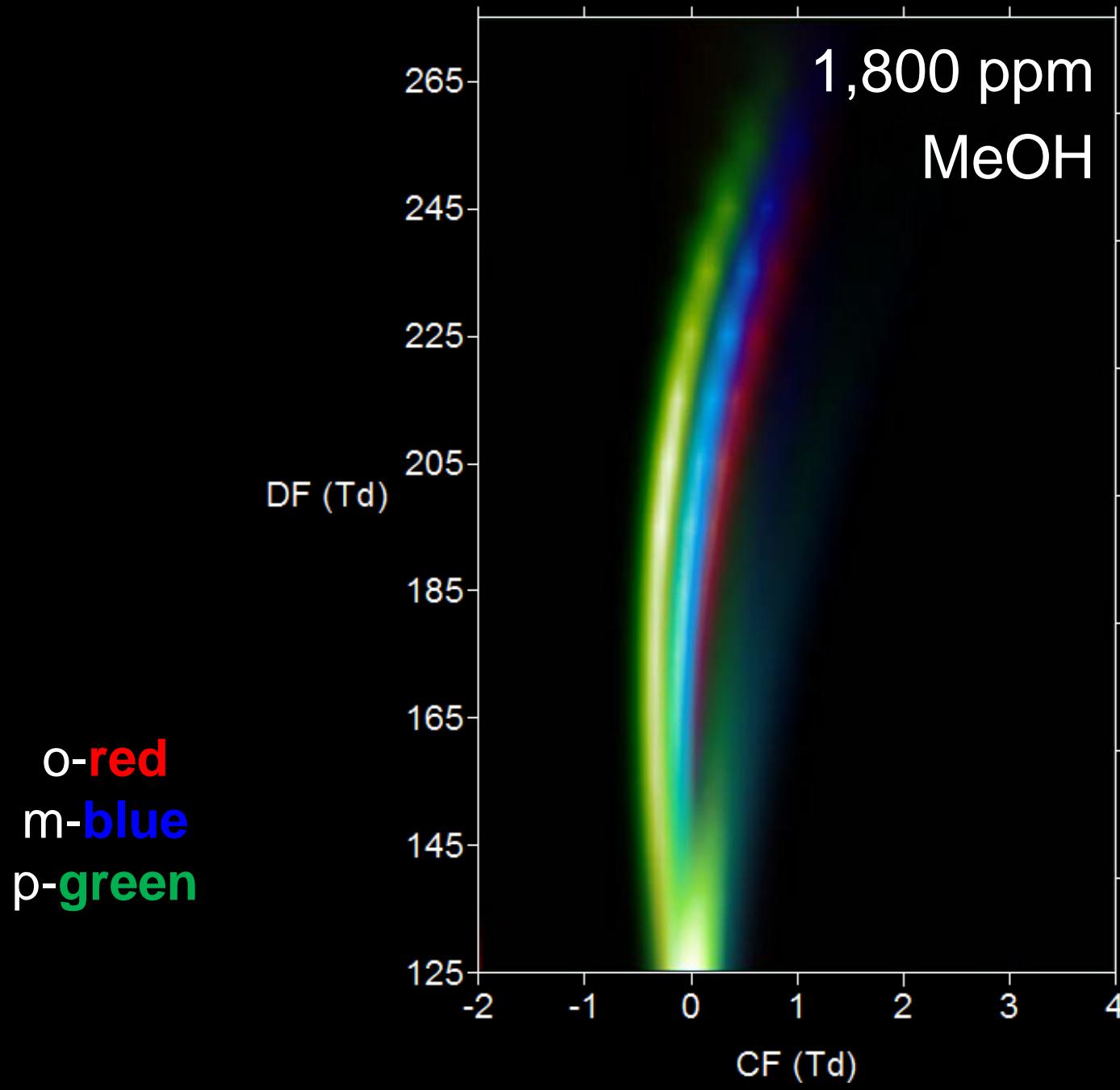
- Consider ion/solvent interactions in chip FAIMS vs. conventional sized FAIMS ...
  - 10x higher RF frequency
  - 100x shorter path
  - 20x narrower gap
  - 2 - 4x higher field
- Will we see the same effects?



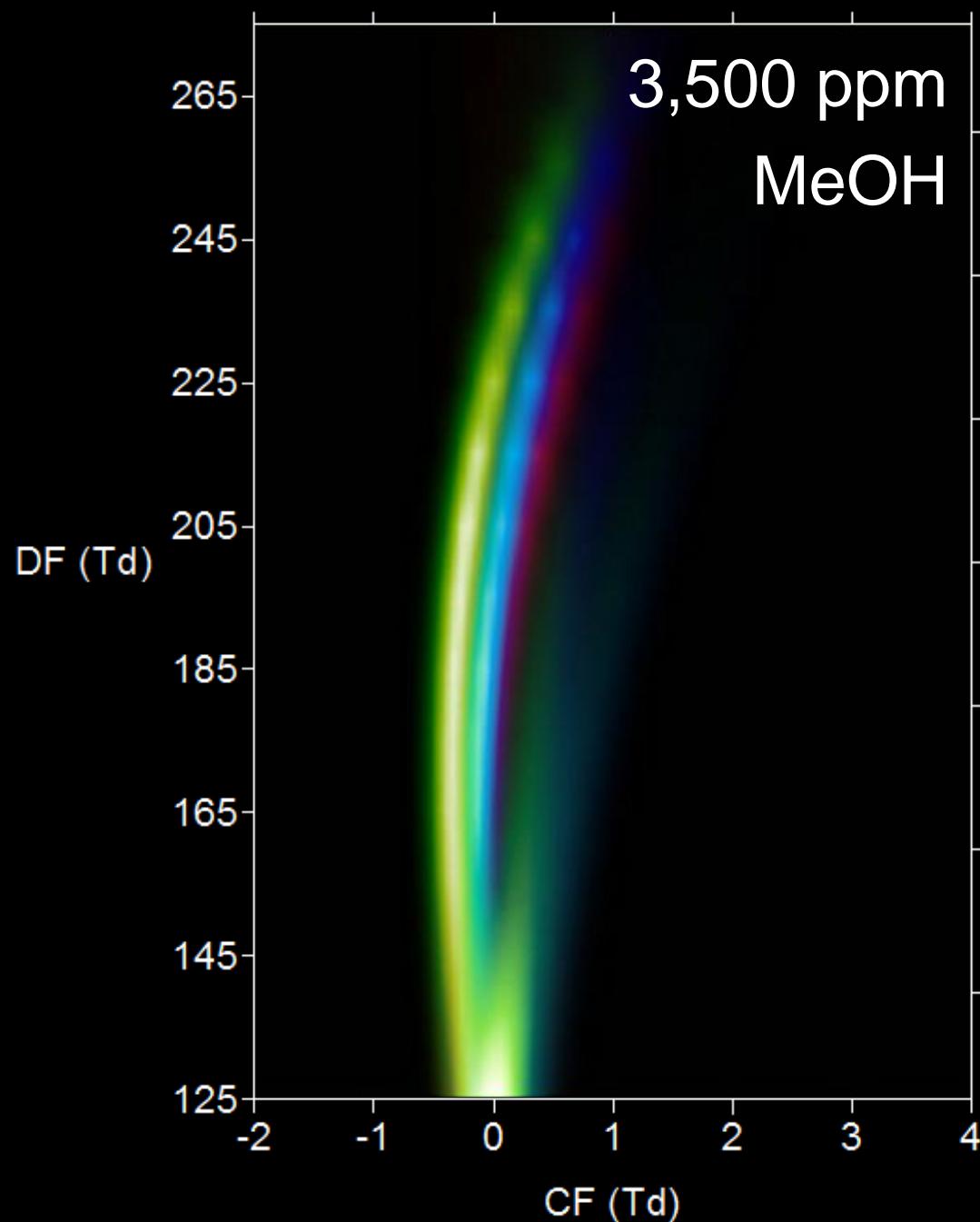
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



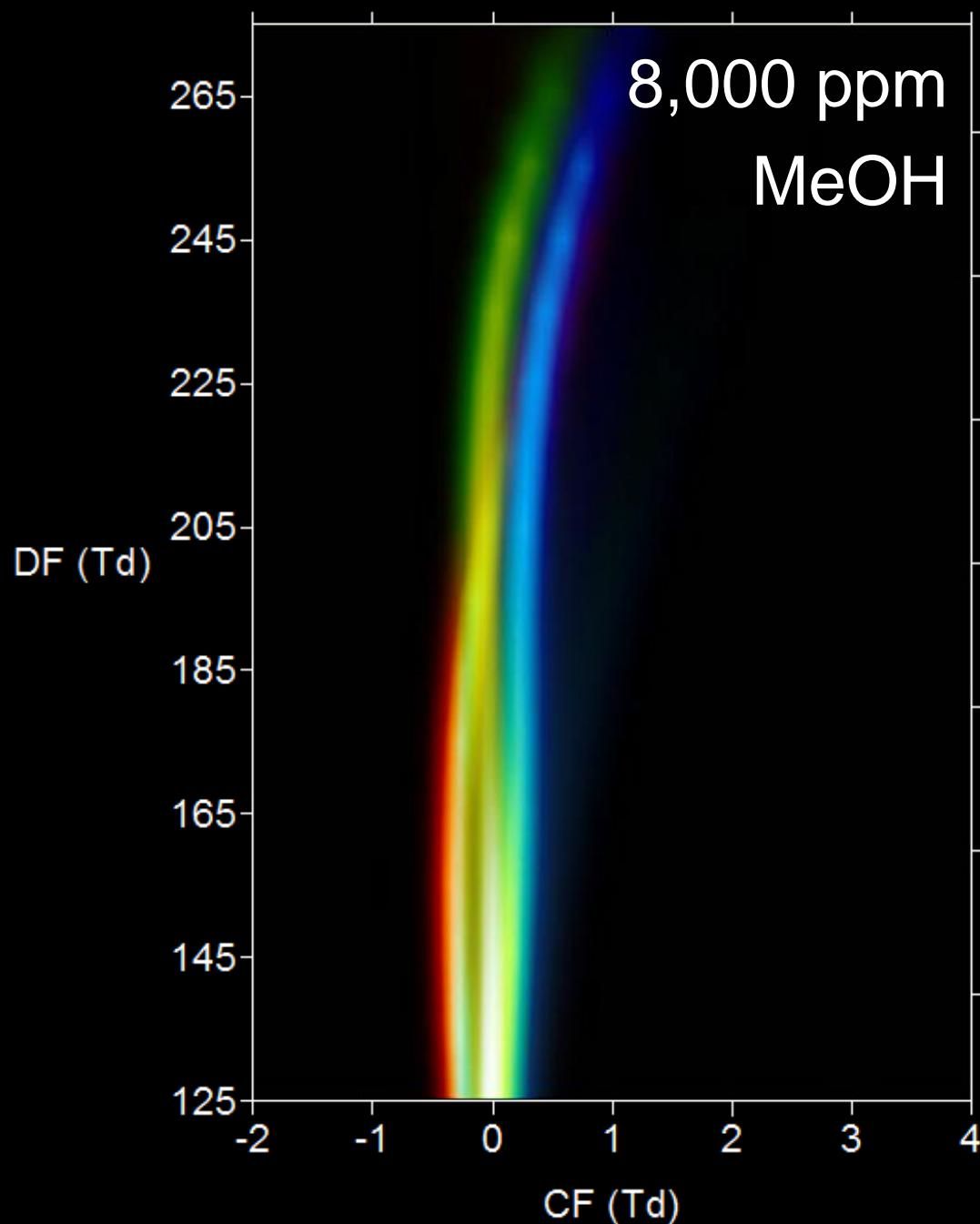
If we  
increase the  
ppm MeOH



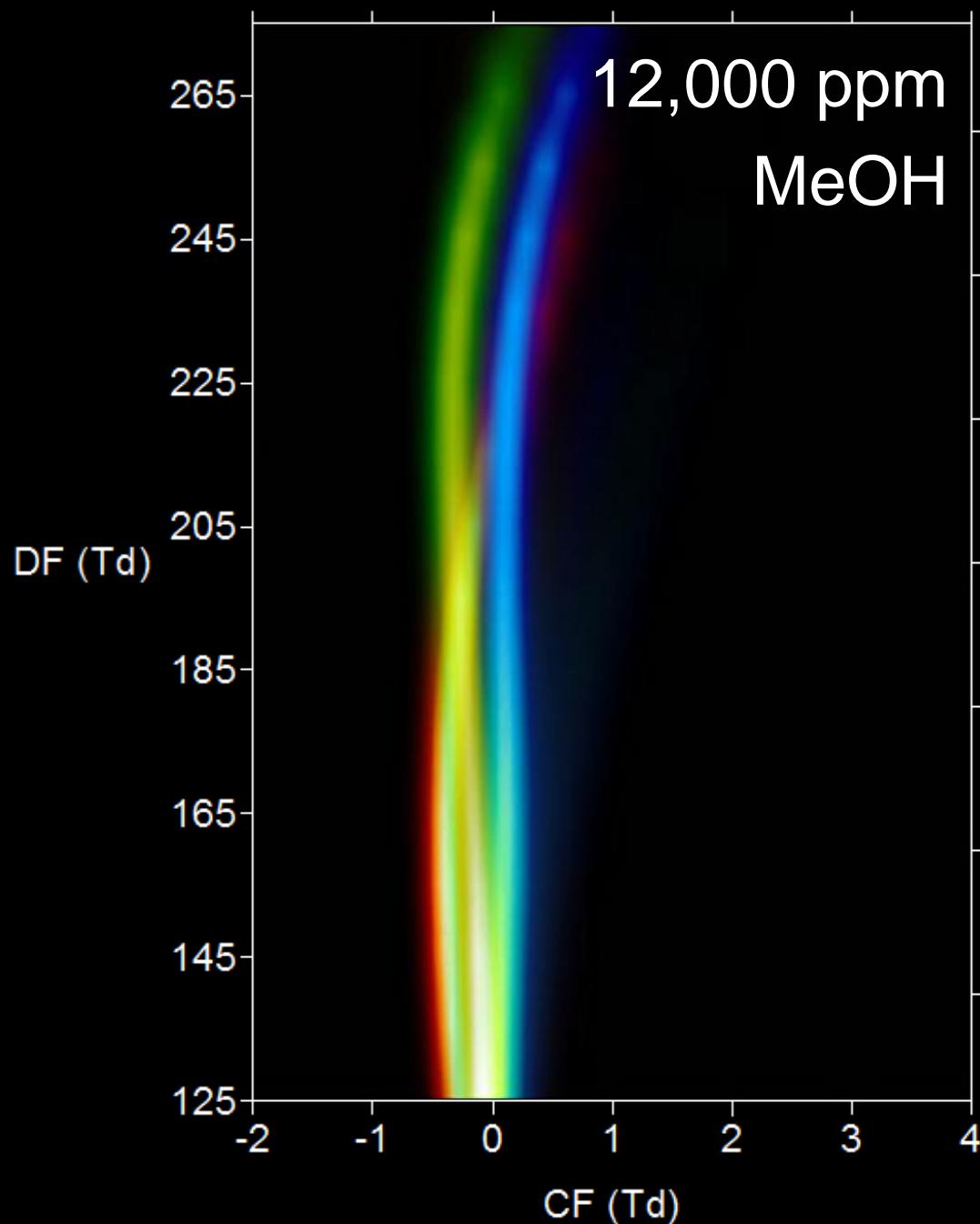
O-red  
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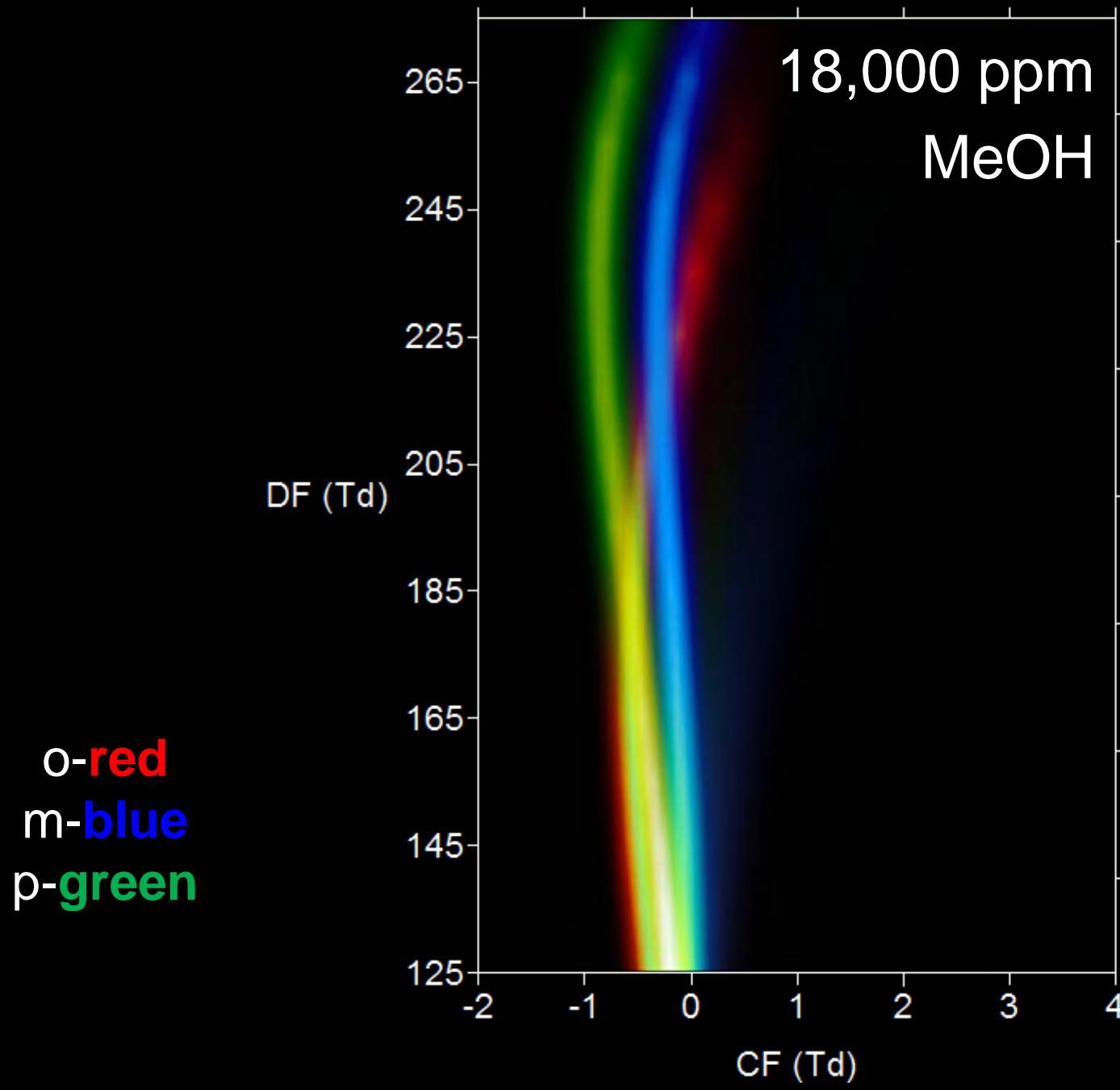


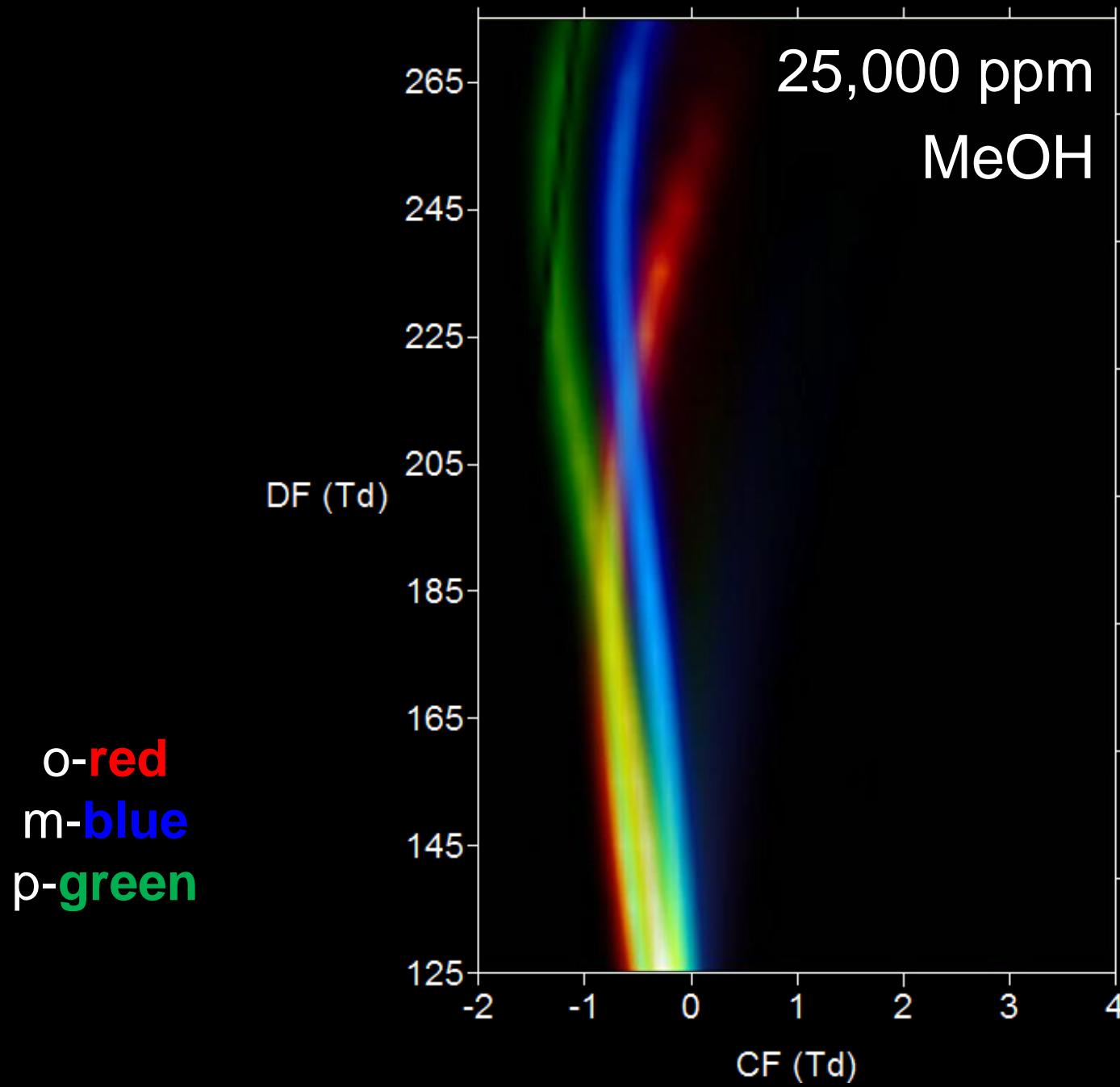
O-red  
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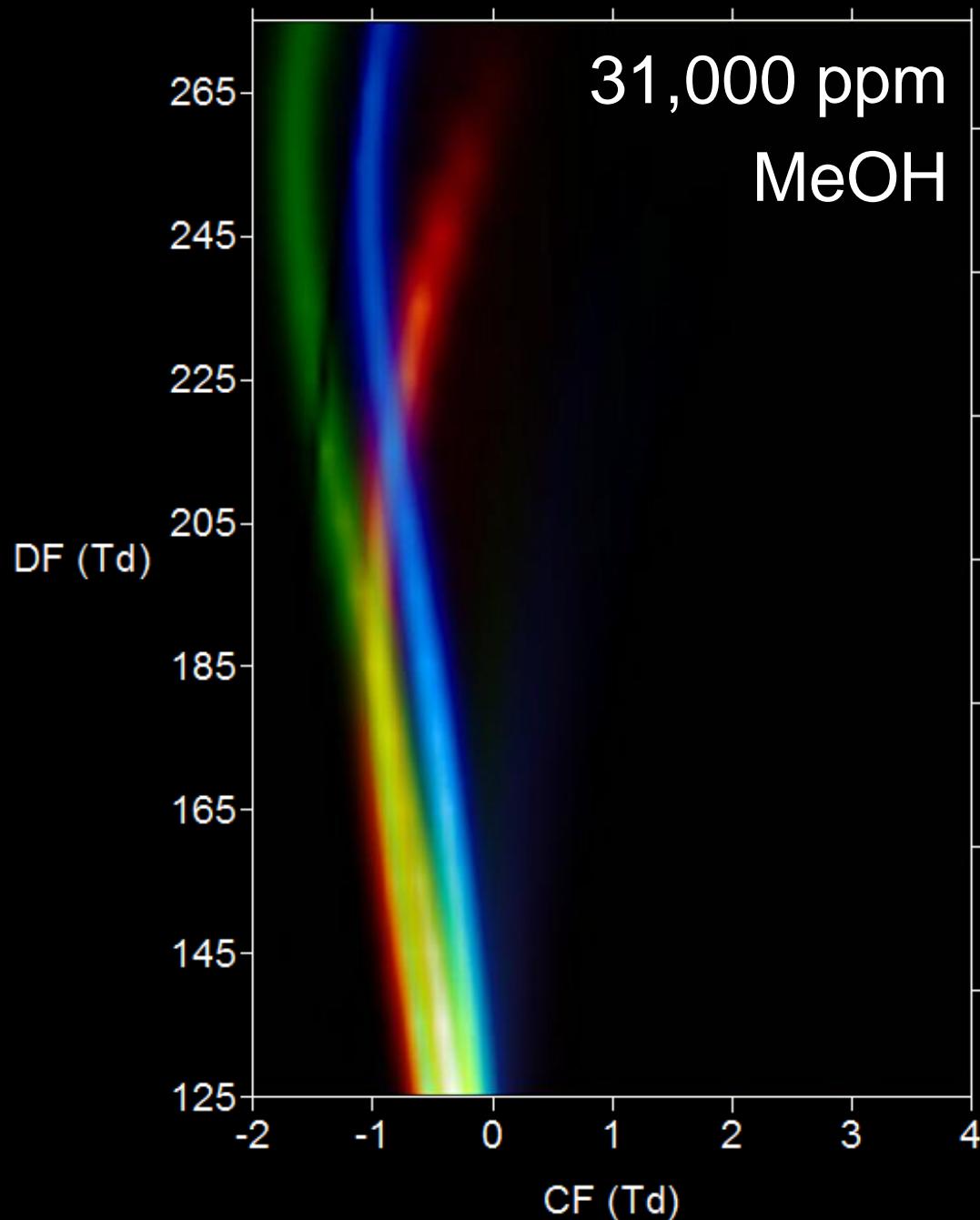
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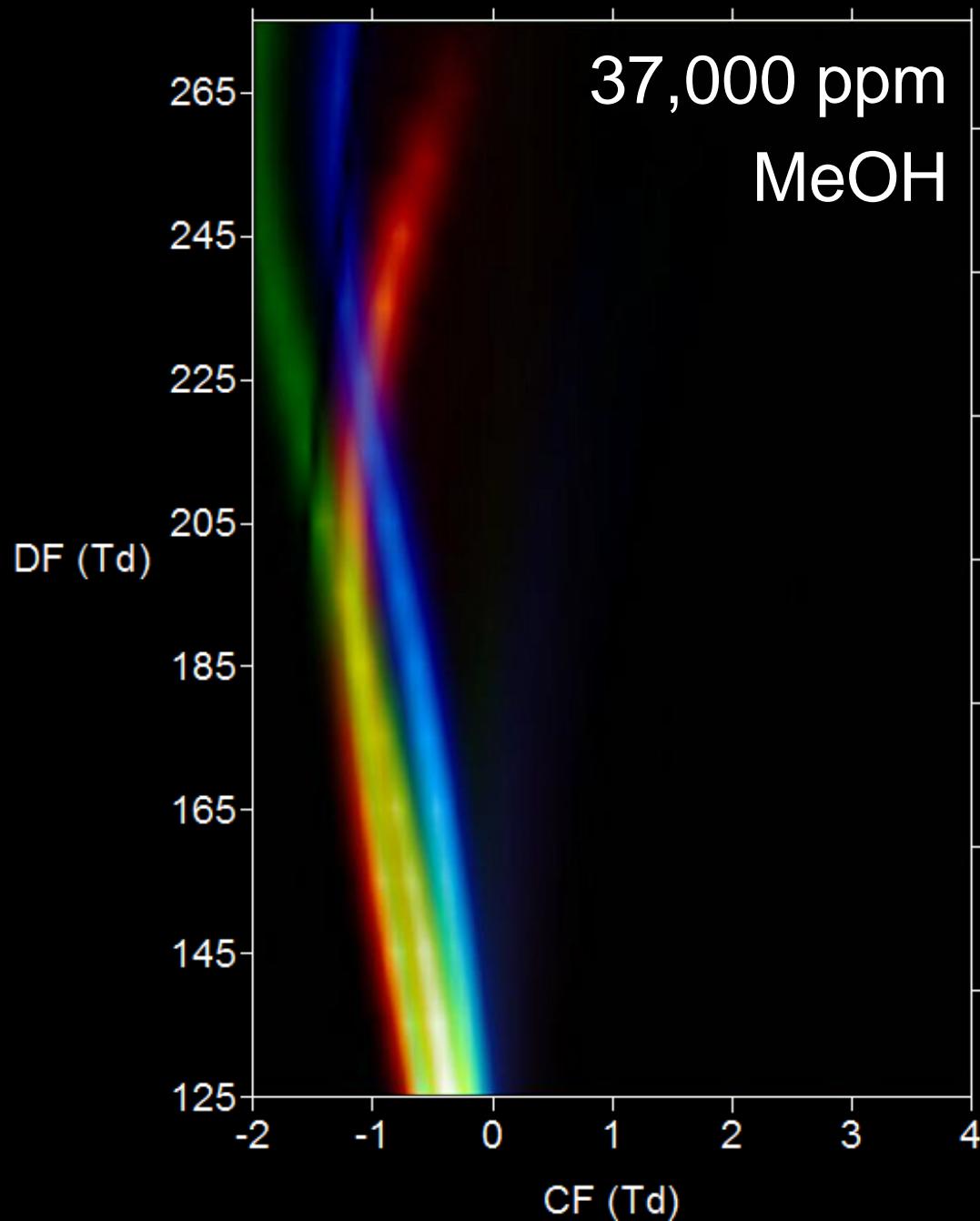




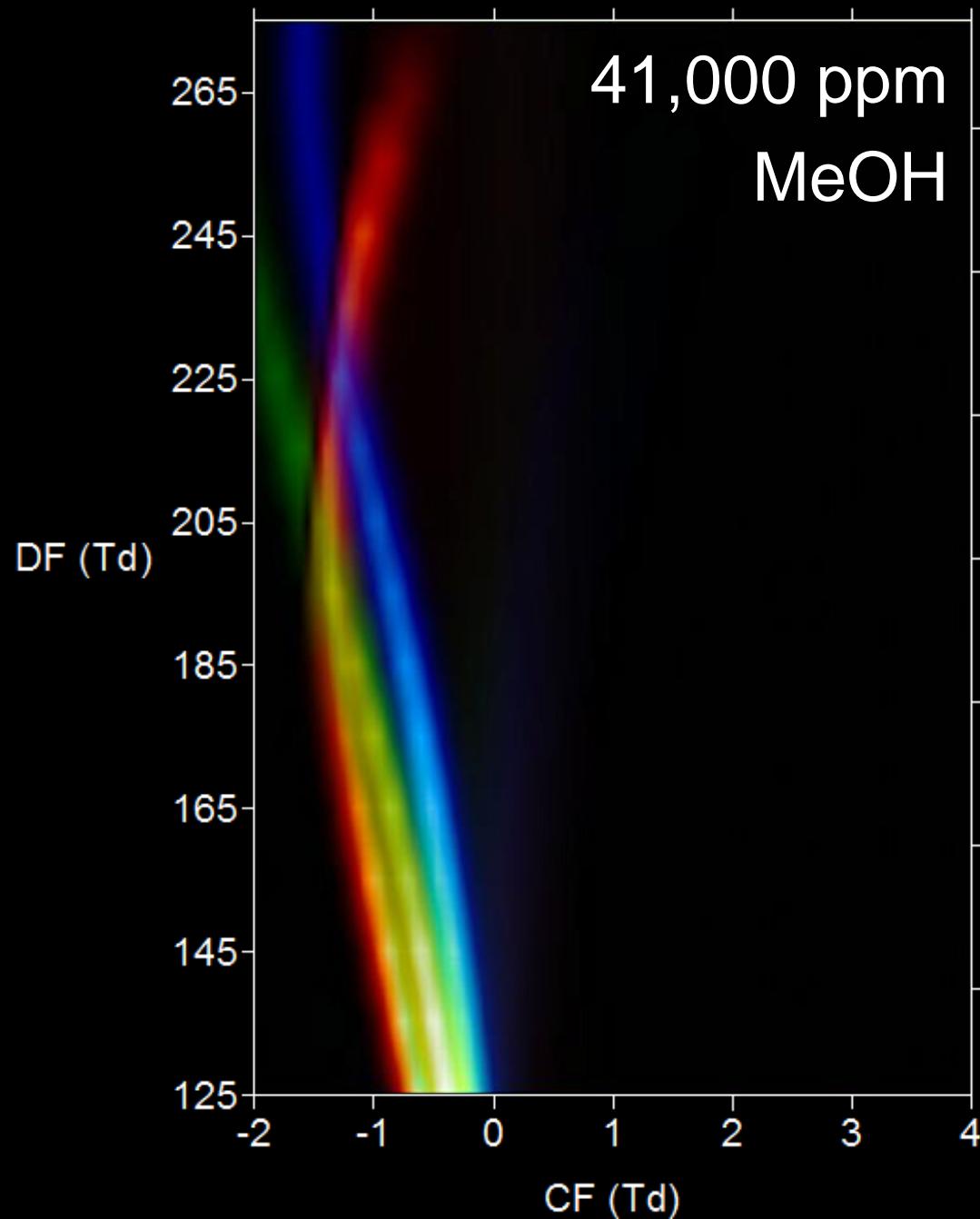
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



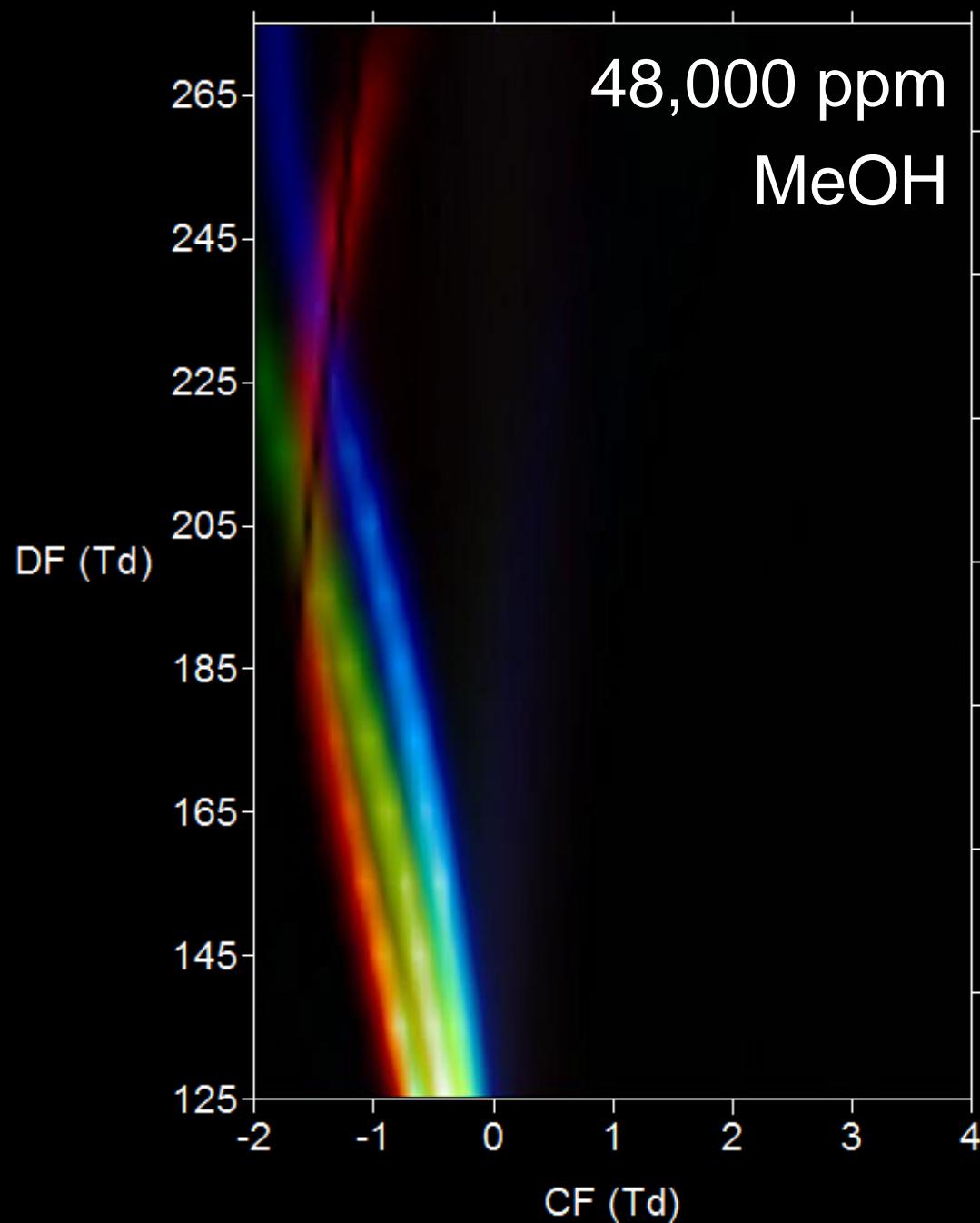
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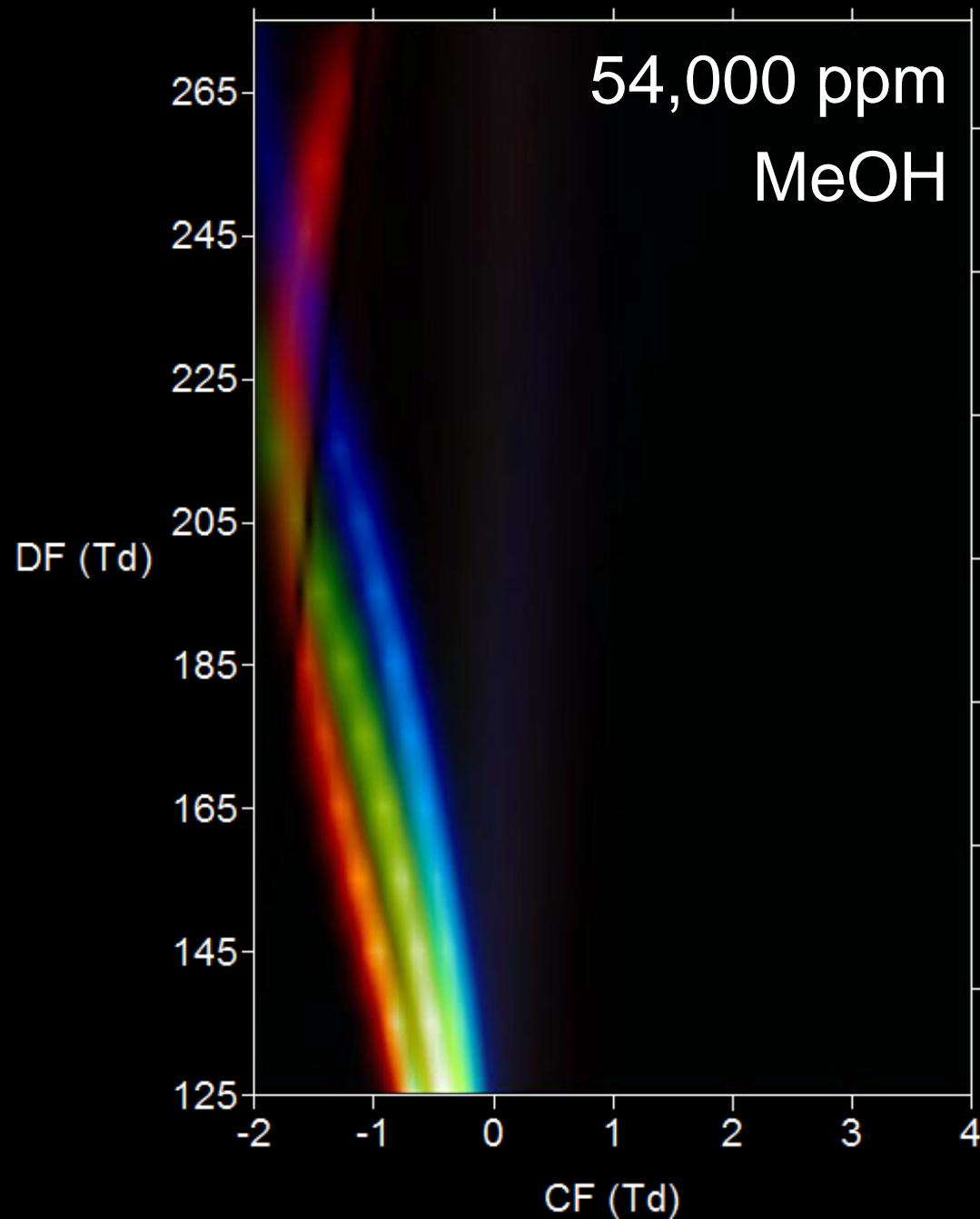
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



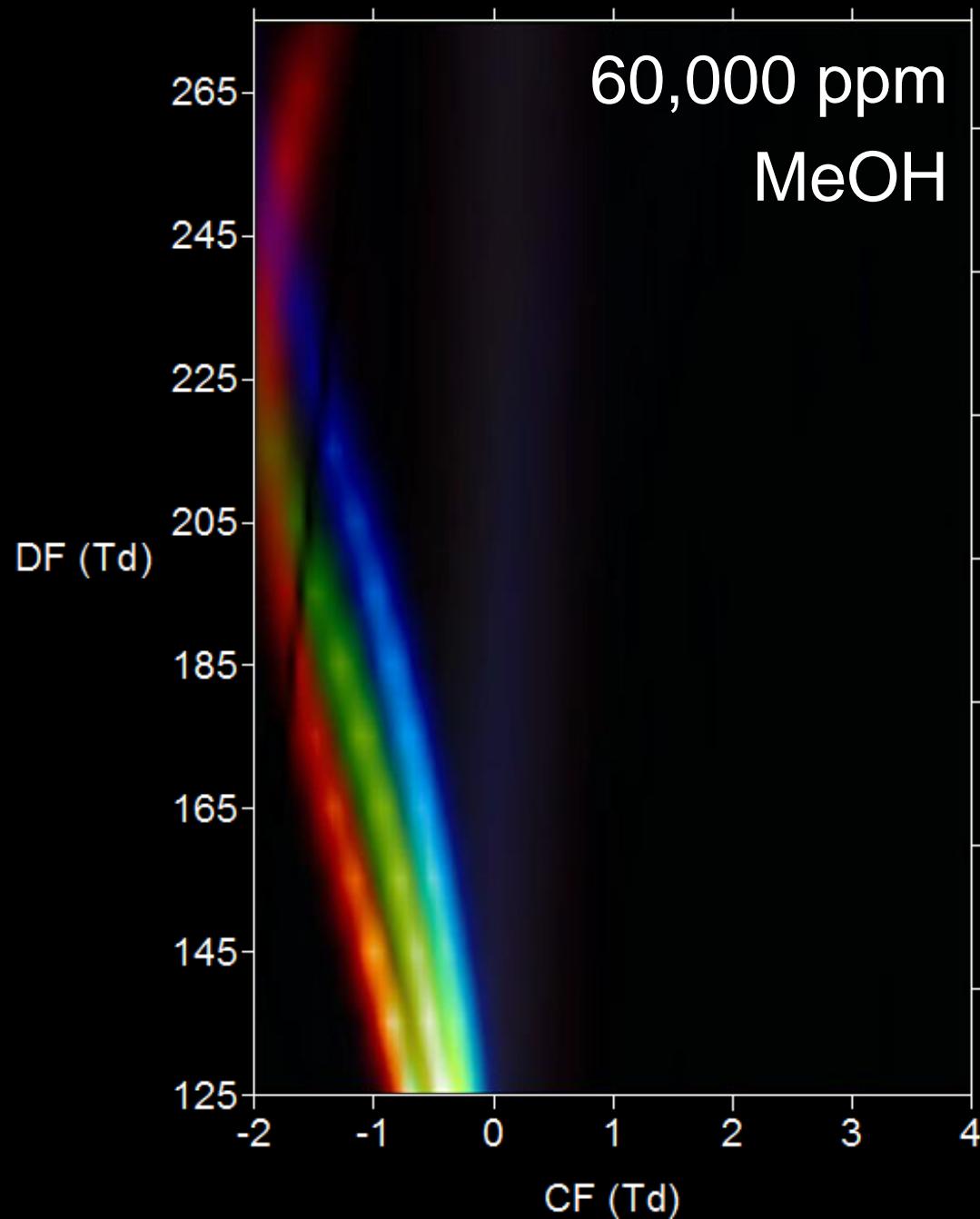
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



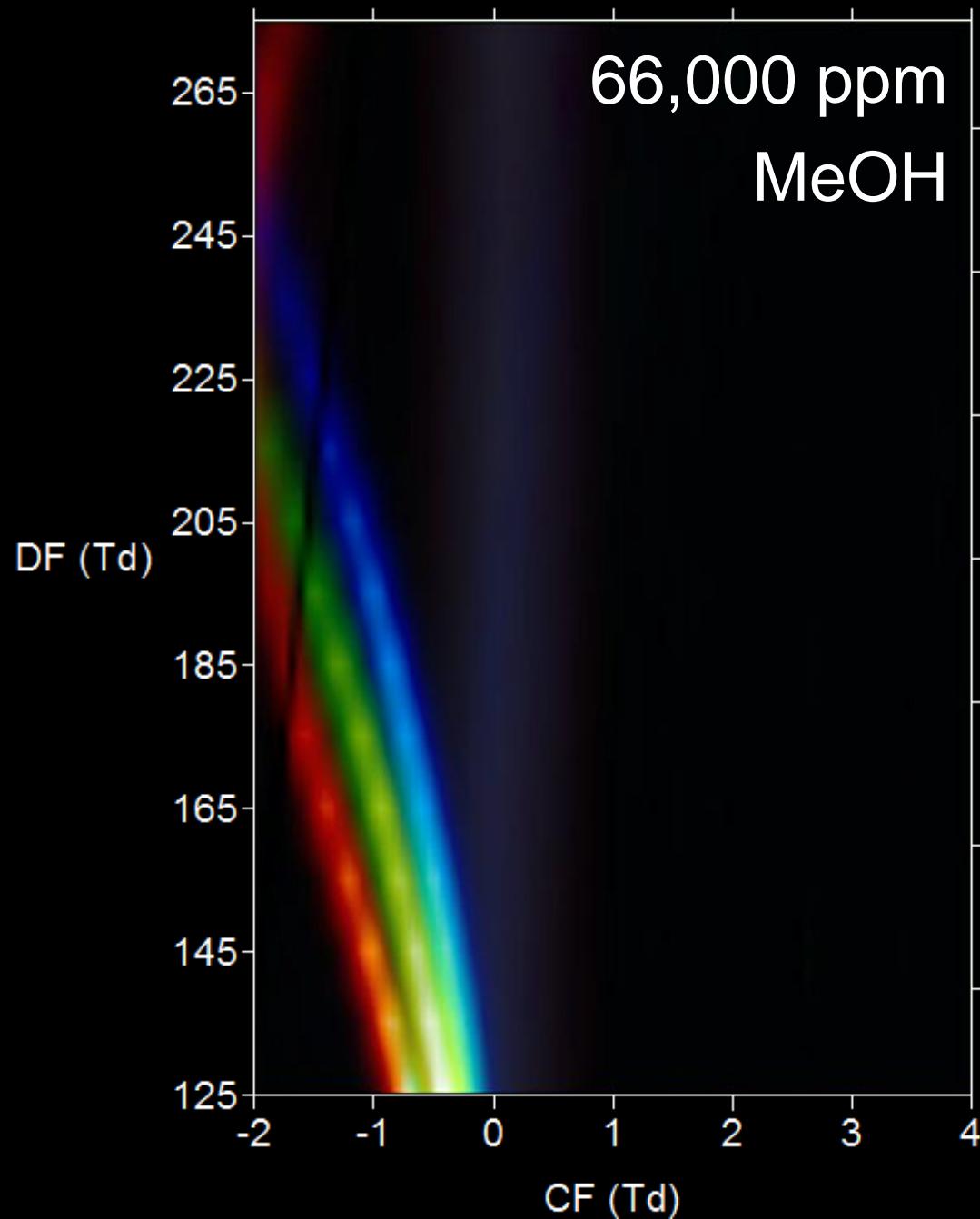
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



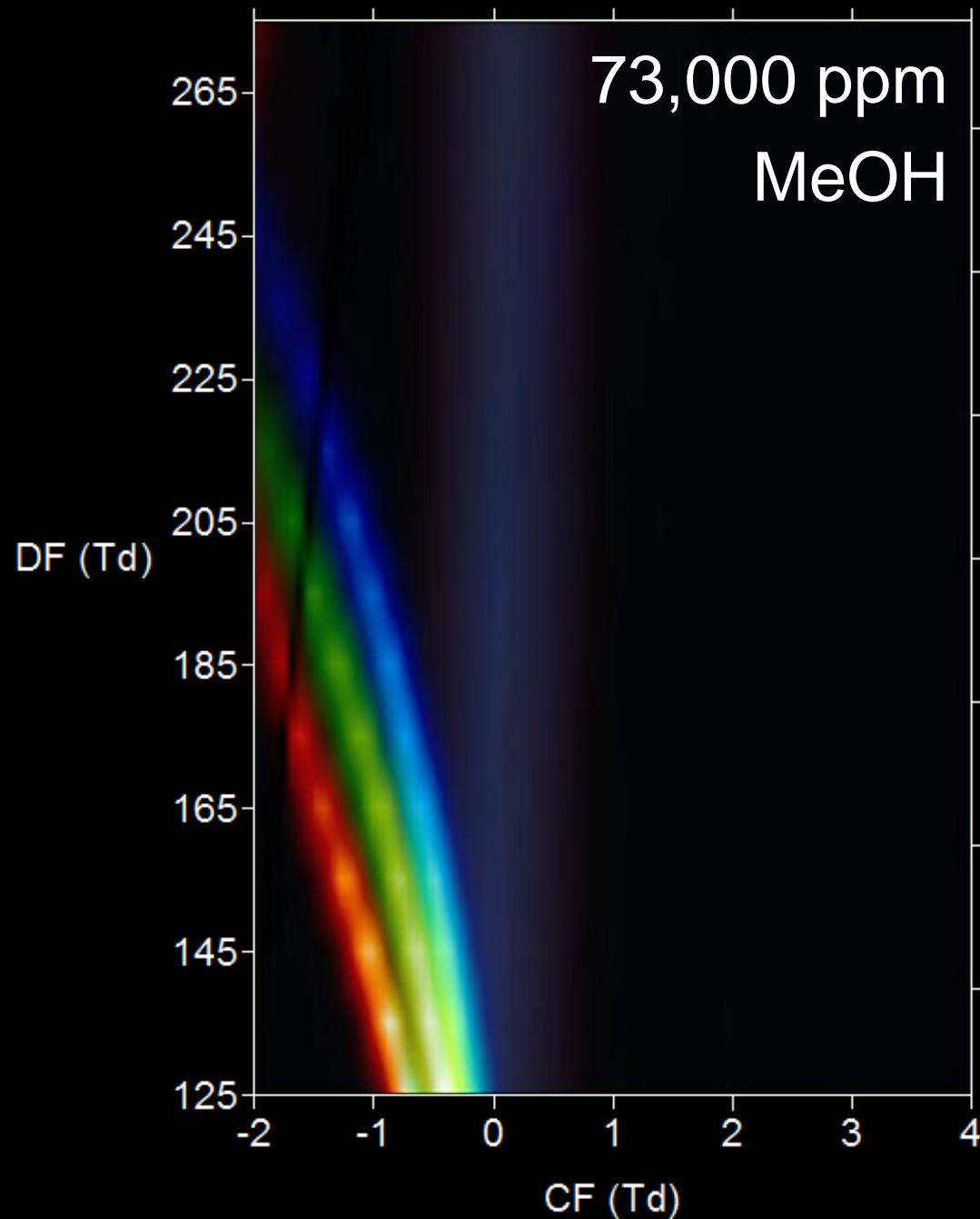
O-red  
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p-green



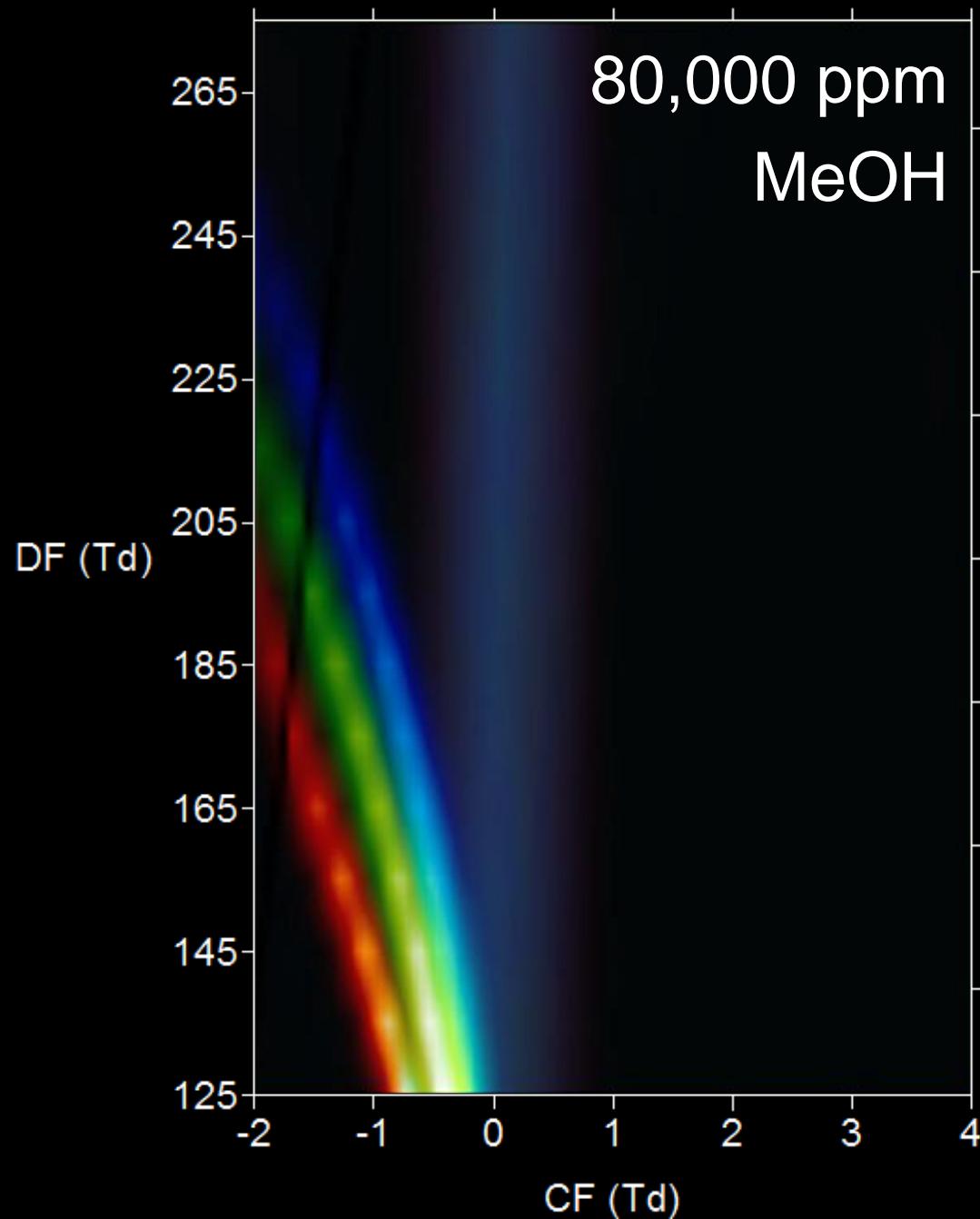
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



O-red  
m-blue  
p-green

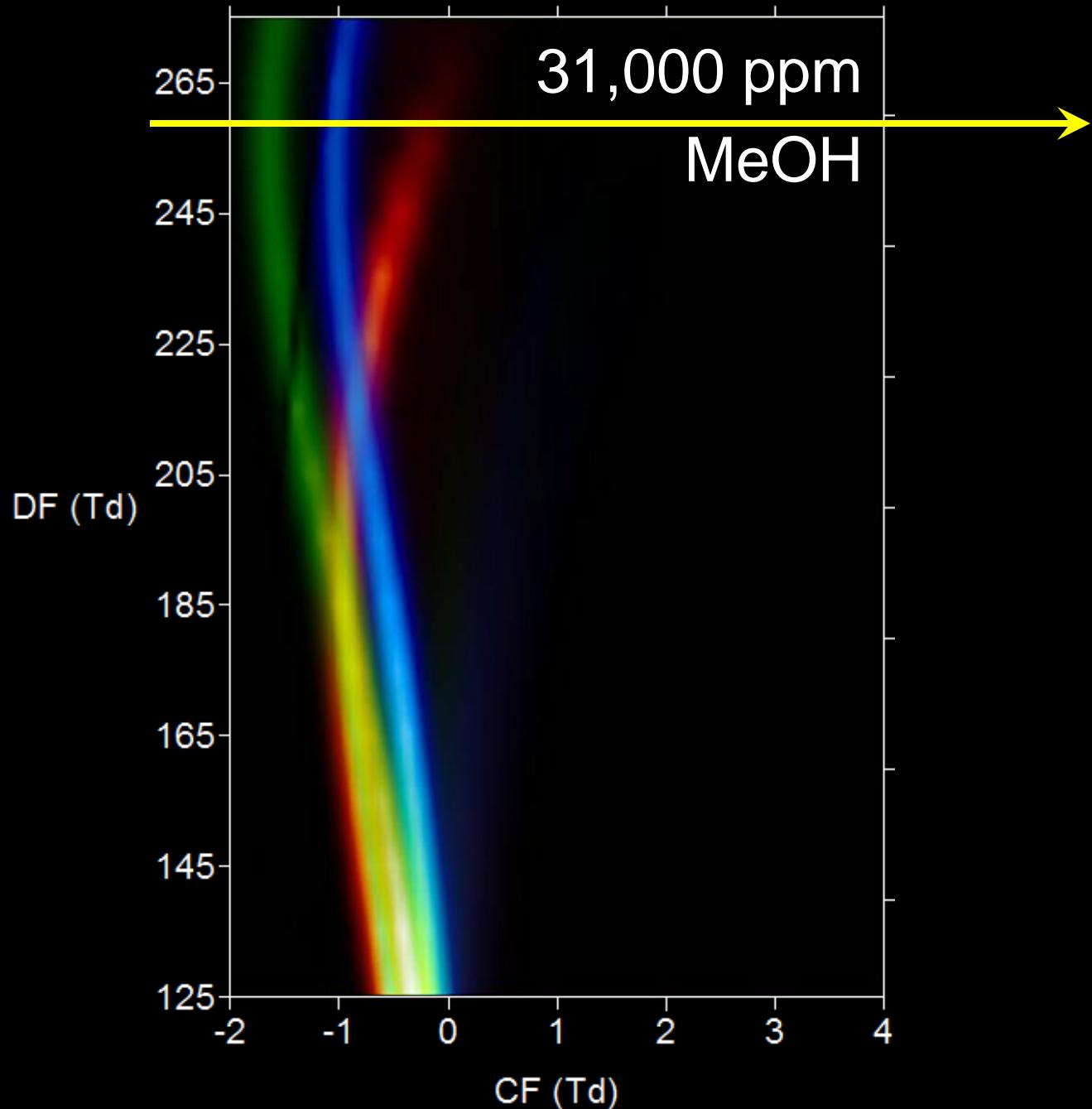


O-red  
m-blue  
p-green

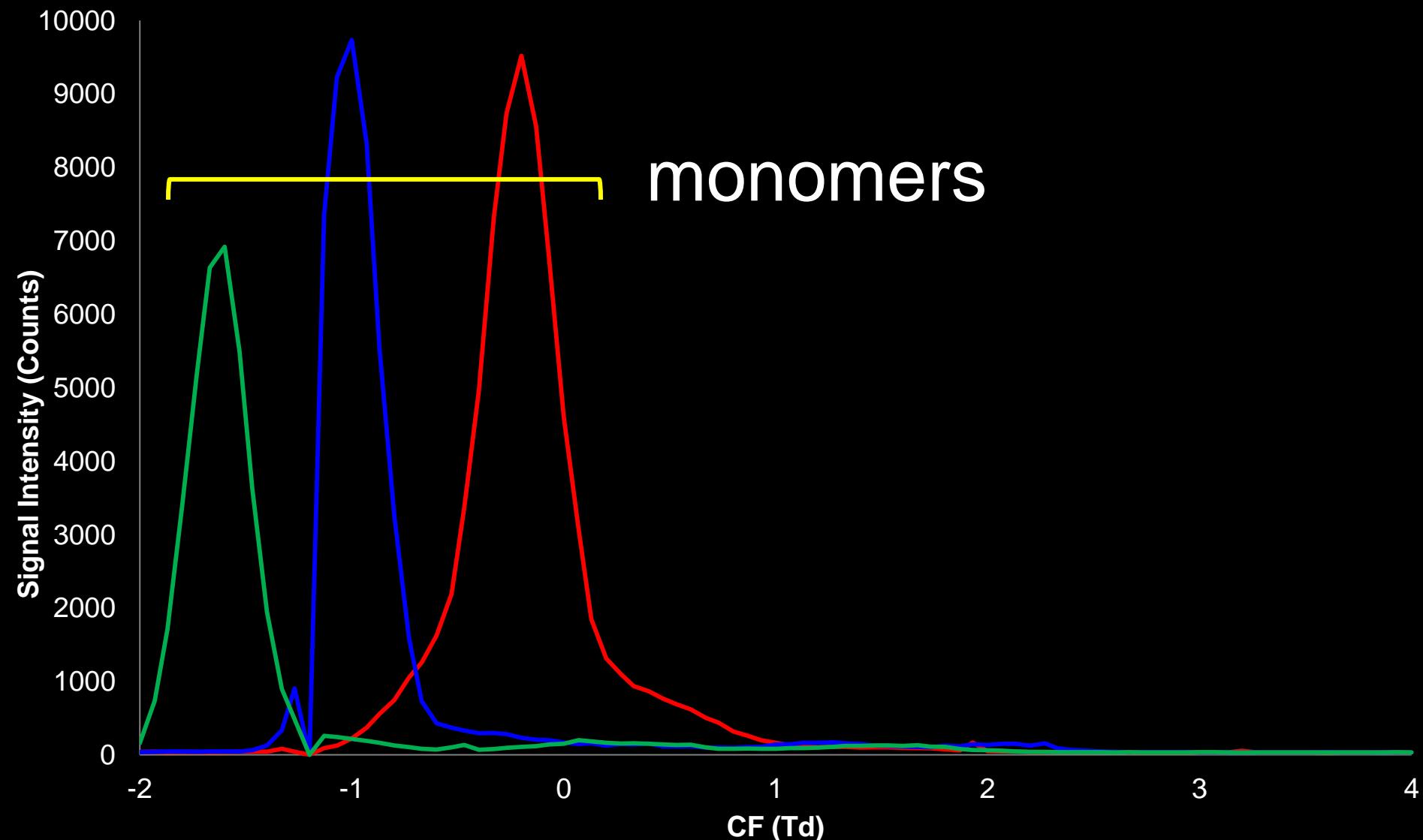


Best  
Separation?

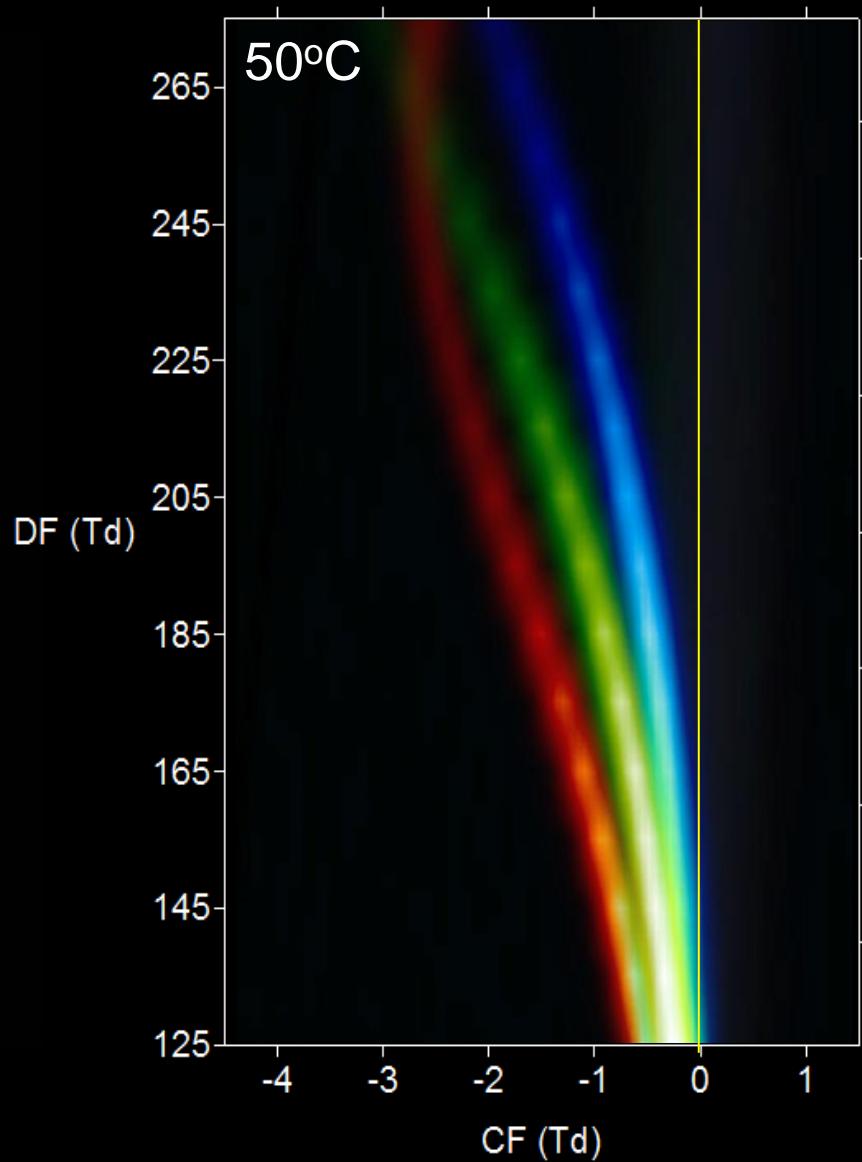
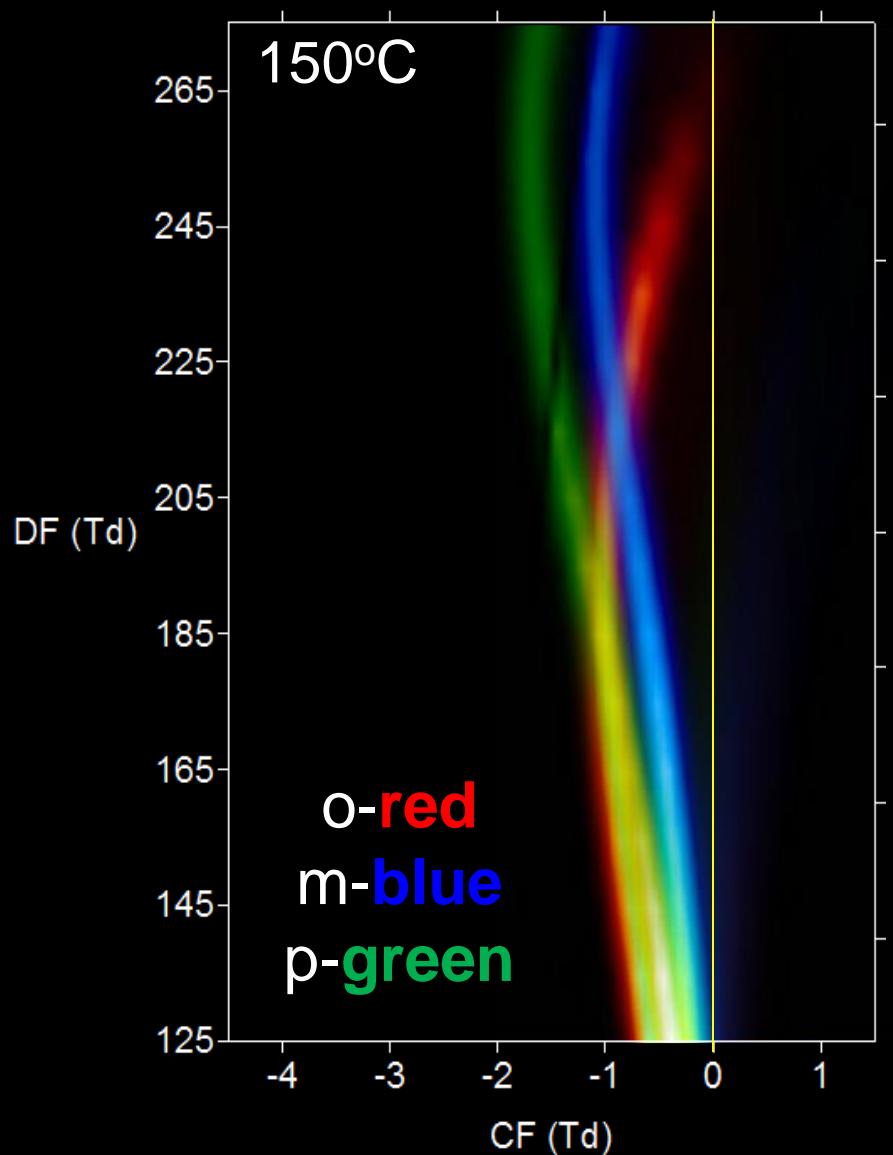
O-red  
m-blue  
p-green



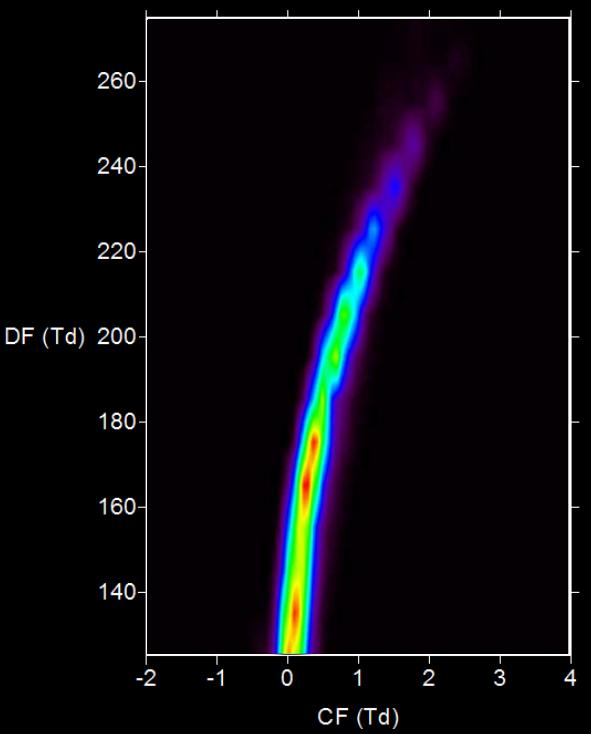
# Chip FAIMS – 31,000 ppm MeOH at DF= 255 Td



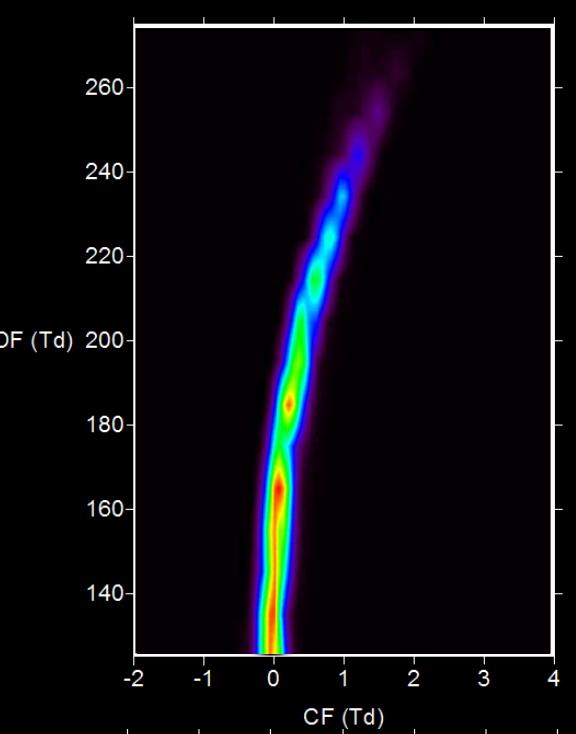
# Effect of Temperature – 31,000 ppm MeOH



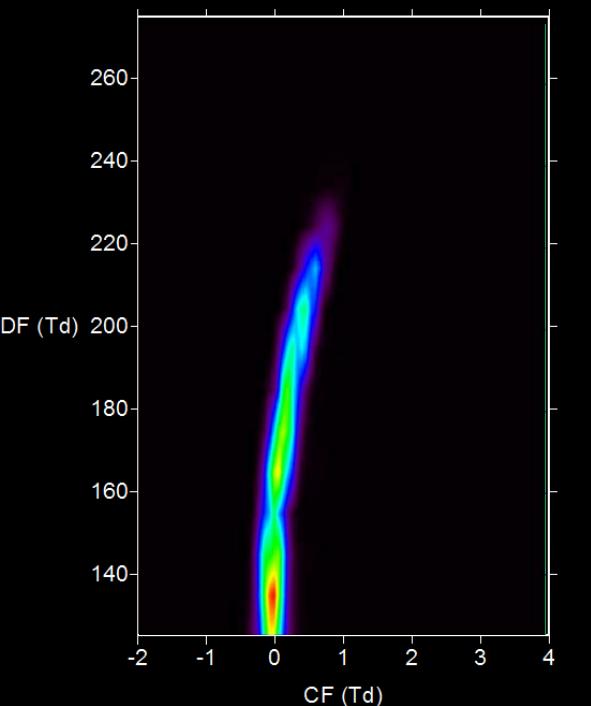
# APCI Chip FAIMS



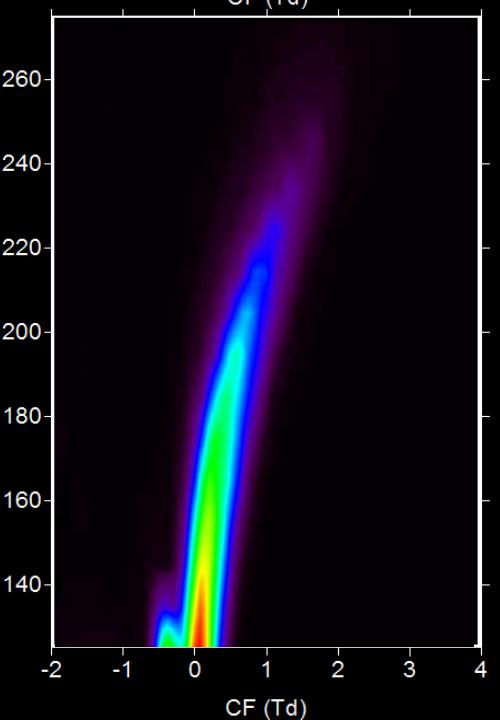
Carvone



Vanillin



Methyl  
Anthranilate



Methyl  
Salicylate

# Summary

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- Chip FAIMS is an ideal combination with a triple quad
- Chip FAIMS vs. FAIMS –
  - 20x narrower gap, 10x lower voltages
  - 100x shorter path, 20x higher frequency
- Provides complete CF/DF scans on the LC/MS time-scale (ultimately <10 sec)
- Adding modifier gases or solvent vapors significantly improves ion separation

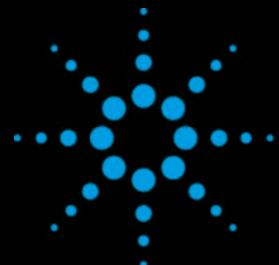
# Acknowledgements

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Chris

Wei



Agilent Technologies